



### T 2/3 CASE DISCUSSION BAUS ONCOLOGY 2014

Neil Barber Frimley Park Hospital, UK

Presented to A&E
Significant visible haematuria and unwell
Low grade fever and significant peripheral oedema
Hb 6.6 g/dl
Low Alb/ platelets







### **OPTIONS**

**Palliation** 

VS

**Biopsy + systemic therapy (A-Predict)** 

VS

**Surgical Resection** 

### PLAN FOR SURGERY

What need for preop caval filter??

### HAS SURGERY...

Difficult open procedure
Liver fully mobilized
10L blood loss
Concerned at time of surgery – tumour invading IVC wall

### QUESTION

Is the now the time for IVC segmental excision and graft??

Team decided NOT to do so on day

Logic:

Already testing procedure
Presence of possible metastatic disease

### POST OP - DOES WELL.....

- 110mm tumour replacing kidney and invading renal sinus and renal vein
- Tumour thrombus in renal vein at margin
- Renal cell carcinoma of clear cell subtype
- Nuclear grade 3
- pT3b at least
- Leibovich score 7/11



### WHERE NOW?

- Patient generally much better in himself
- Oedema Resolved
- Repeat CT
  - Thickened IVC
  - Pulmonary emboli resolved

Further extirpative surgery?

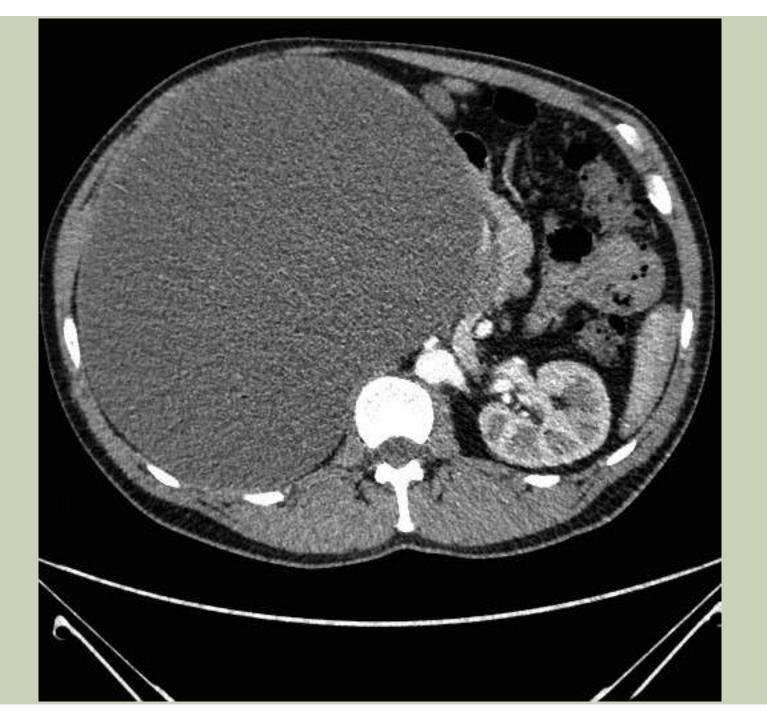
### FURTHER SURGERY UNDERTAKEN

- IVC segmental excision
- Bovine pericardial graft

Frozen sections and then formal sections

NO TUMOUR!

- 38 year old man
- Presented to GP with S/S of LEFT ureteric colic
- Passed and collected stone calcium oxalate
- GP arranges ultrasound scan



### 30CM BOSNIAK TYPE IV COMPLEX RENAL CYST

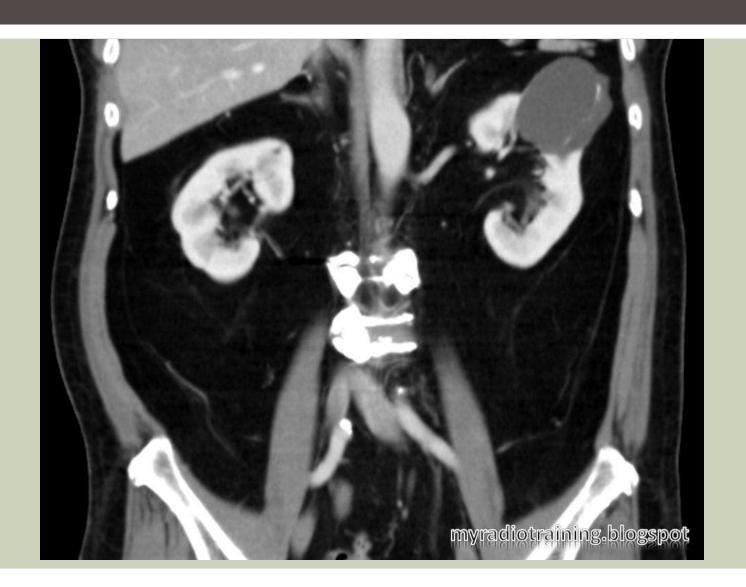


#### SURGICAL CHALLENGES

### Size of lesion Surgical approach

Open radical nephrectomy
Type 2 Papillary RCC

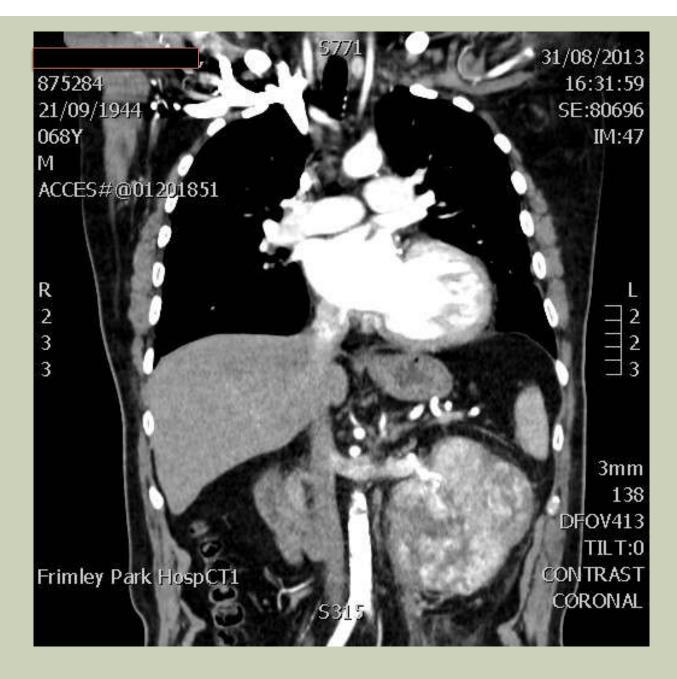
### **BOSNIAK III COMPLEX RENAL CYSTS**

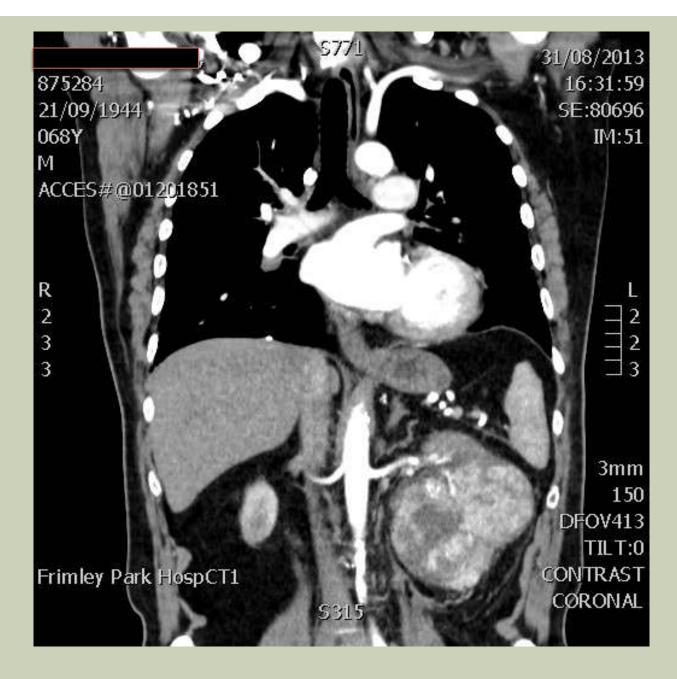


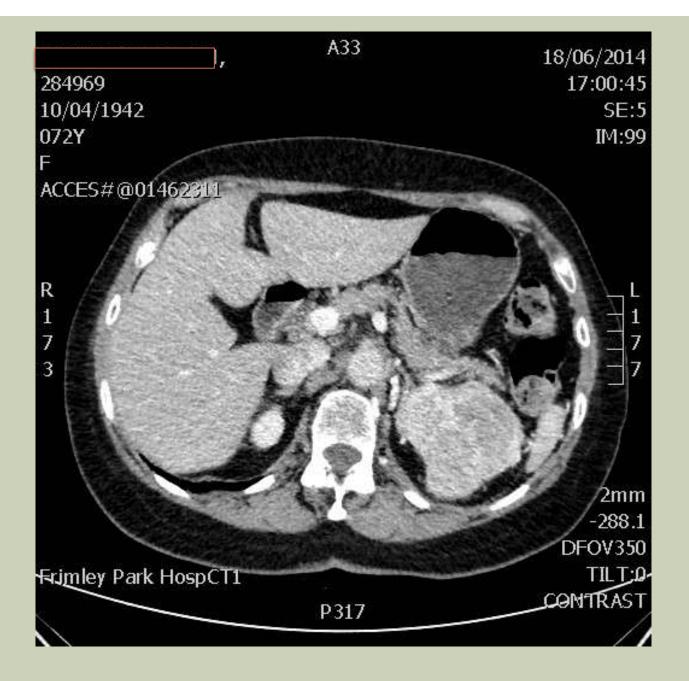
#### **HOW TO MANAGE BOSNIAK III CYSTS?**

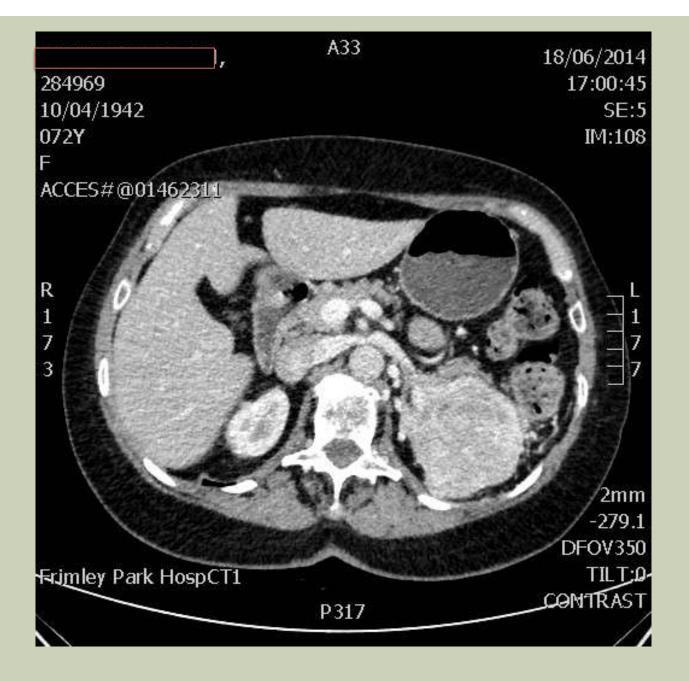
- Further imaging
- The role of biopsy/aspiration
- Treat or not to treat
- What treatment? (<4cm, 4 7cm, >7cm)

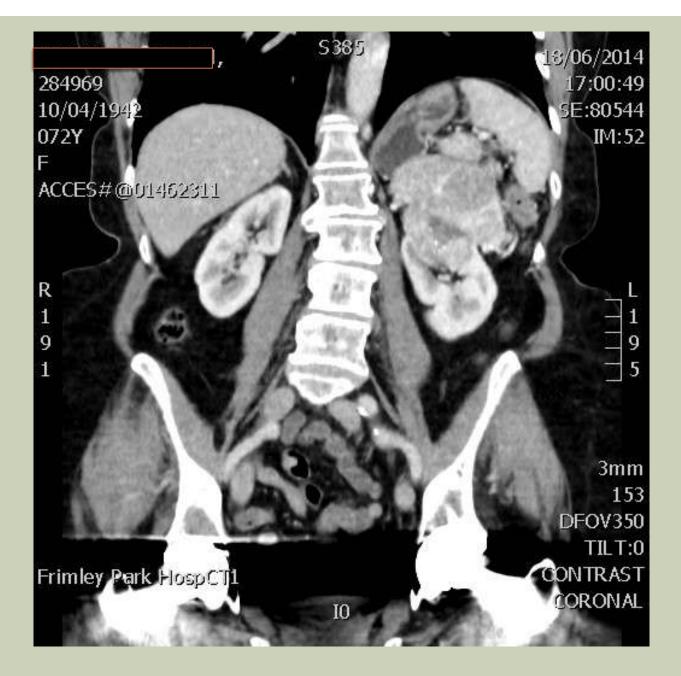
# STAGE T2/3 RENAL TUMOURS – MANAGEMENT OF THE ADRENAL GLAND?







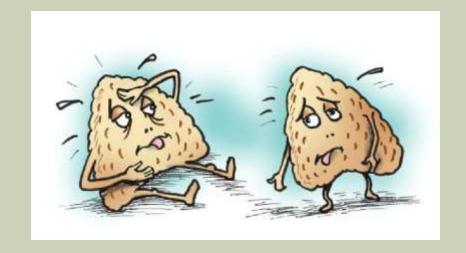




### THE ADRENAL GLAND

#### Approaches

- Always remove because of concerns regarding ipsilateral adrenal recurrence
- Strictly follow guidelines
- Remove en bloc if seems surgically appropriate



## OBESITY – A DIFFERENT KIND OF CHALLENGE IN STAGE T2/3 DISEASE?





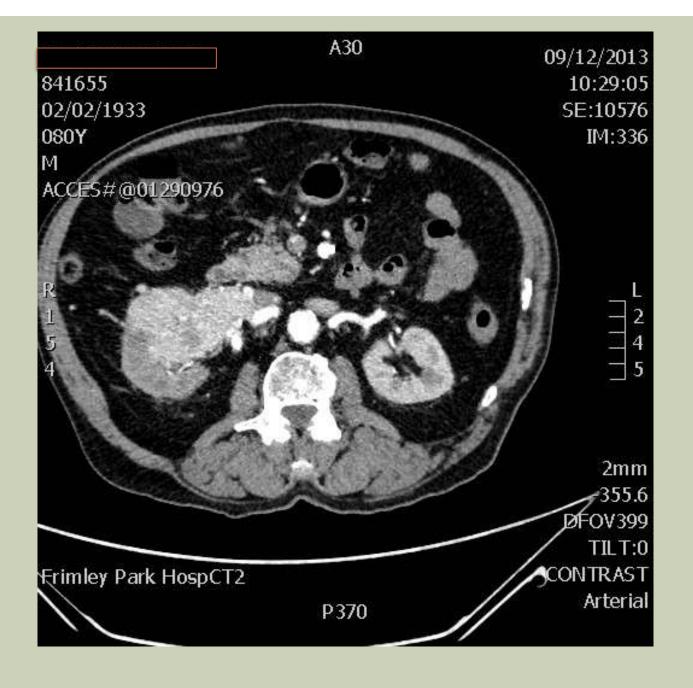




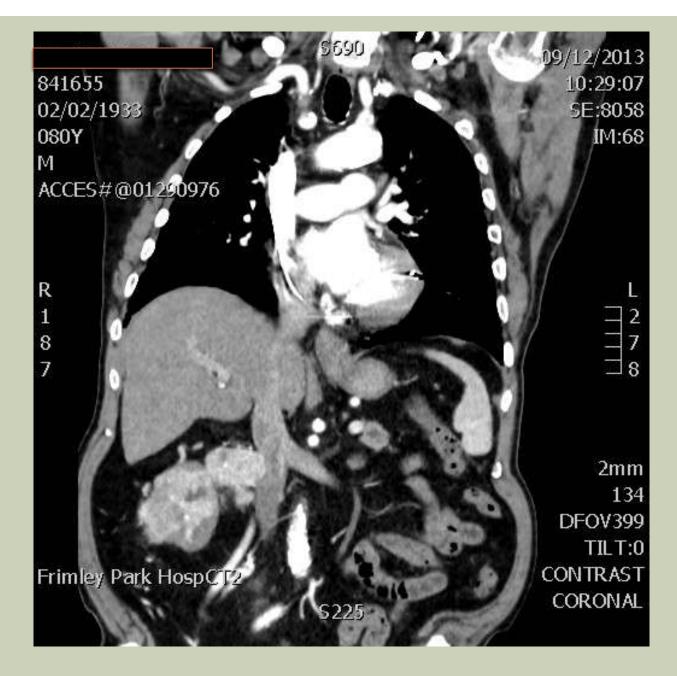
### THE OBESE PATIENT

- Anaesthetic challenges
- Surgical access
- Intraoperative difficulties
- Post operative complications

### THE ELDERLY PATIENT.....



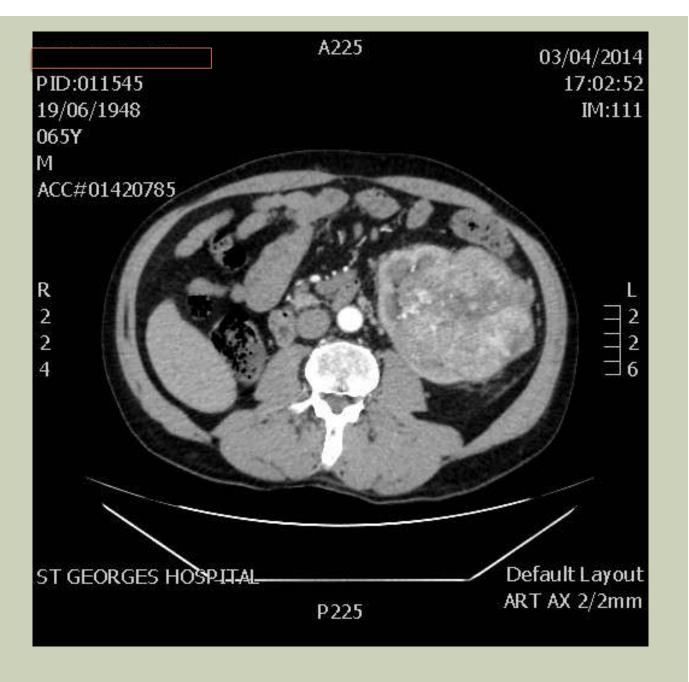


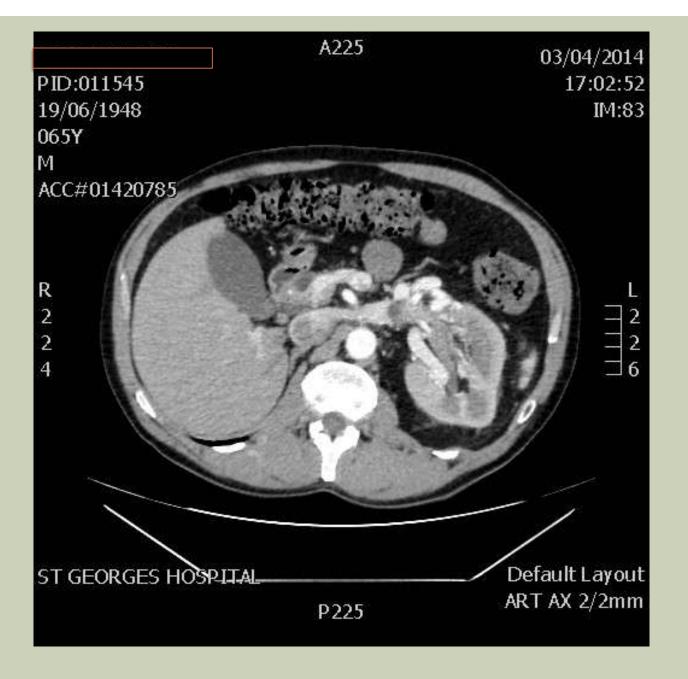


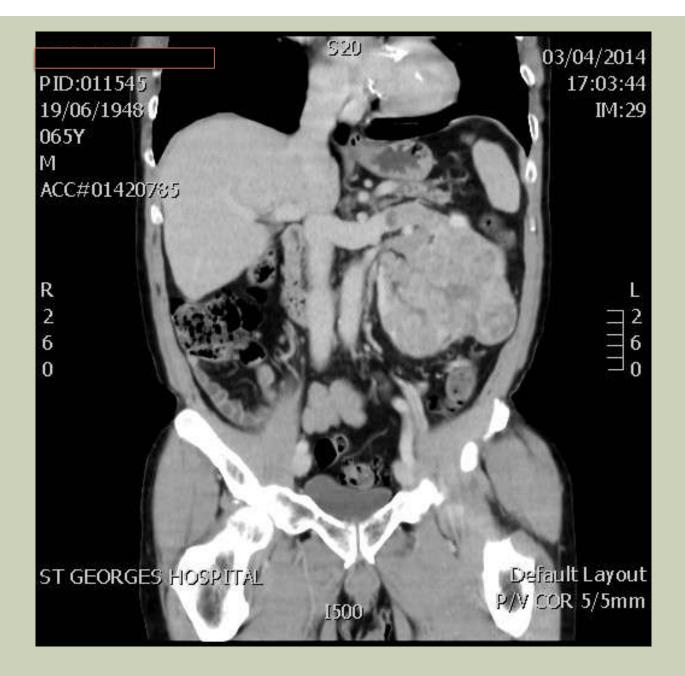
### THE ELDERLY PATIENT

- Approaches to
  - Pre-operative work up
  - Surgical approach
  - Post operative care

# SINGLE KIDNEY T2/3 TUMOUR







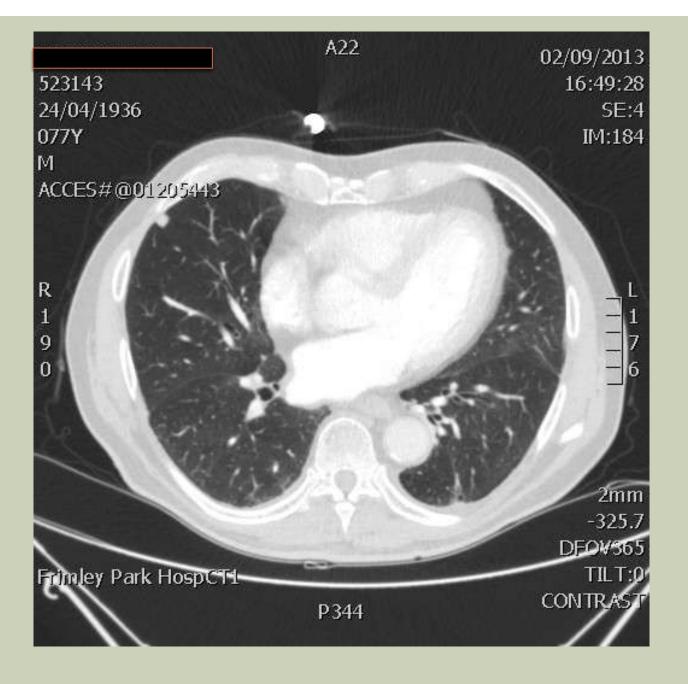


#### OPTIONS?

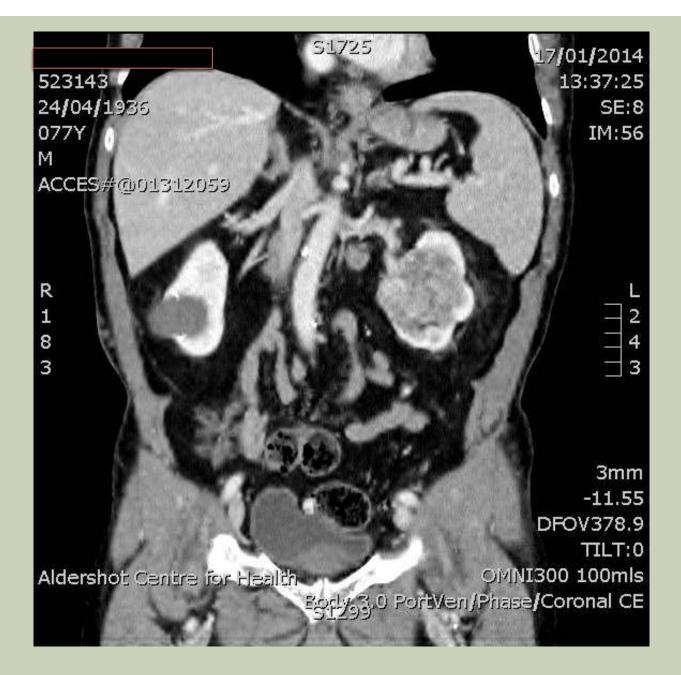
## CYTOREDUCTIVE SURGERY

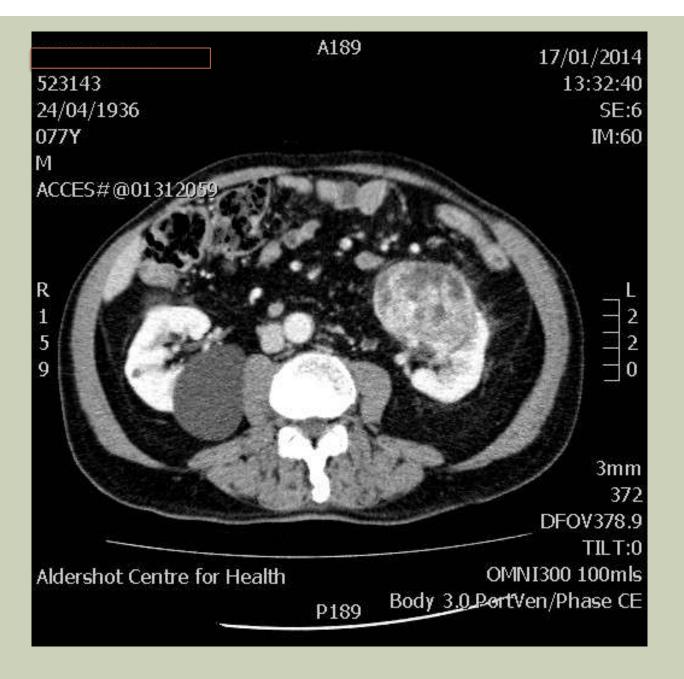








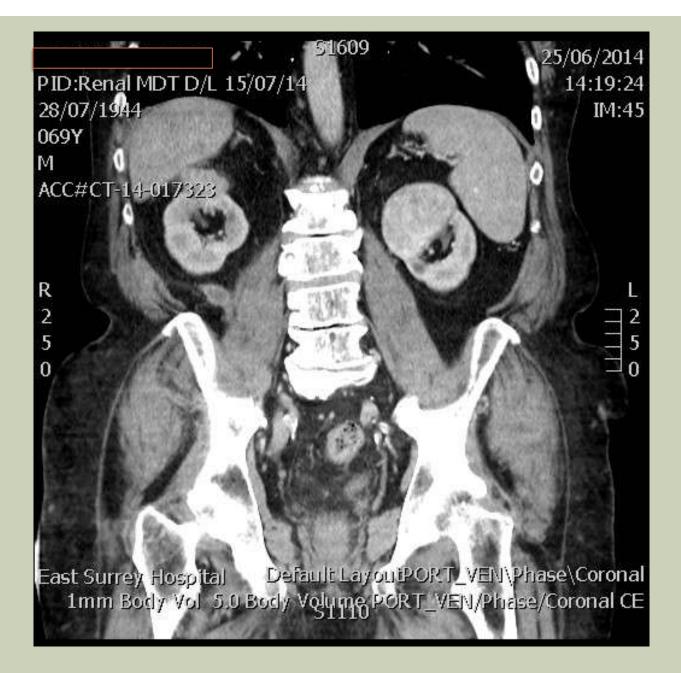


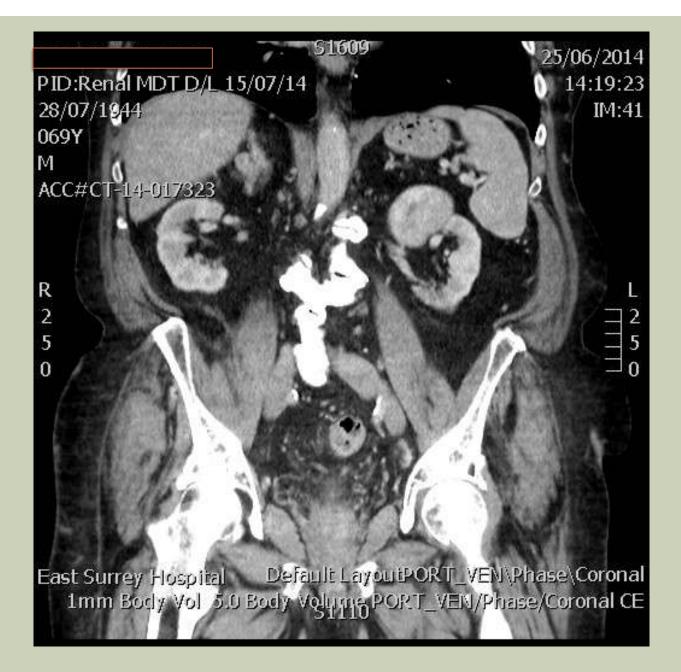


#### CYTOREDUCTIVE NEPHRECTOMY

- Surgical approach
- Intraoperative differences/ difficulties

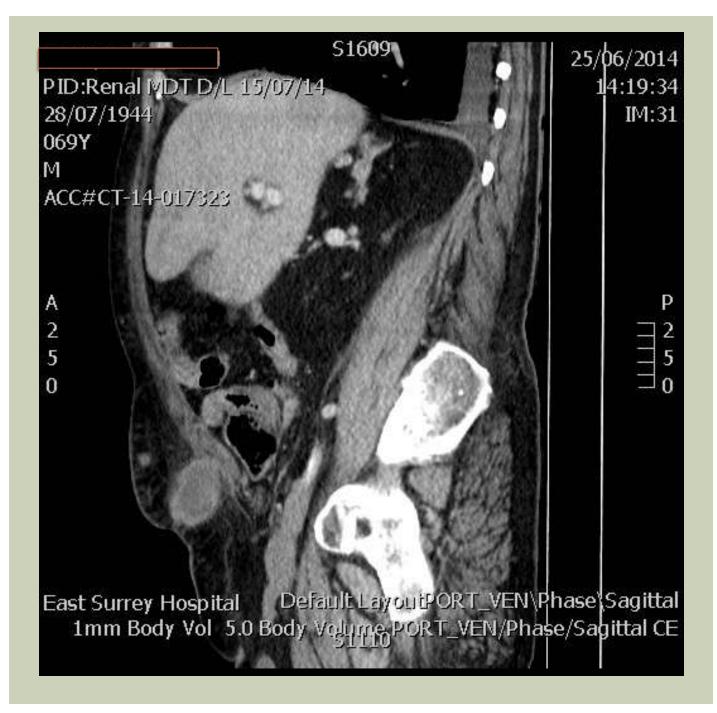
### BILATERAL TUMOUR/ ADRENAL MET











**OPTIONS???**