

**THE BRITISH ASSOCIATION OF
UROLOGICAL SURGEONS
SECTION of ONCOLOGY**

**Analyses of Complex operations and the
Newly diagnosed registry for Urological cancers**

January 1st – 31st December 2010

June 2011

MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

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PRODUCED FOR BAUS SECTION OF ONCOLOGY

by

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INTRODUCTION

2011 will be a watershed year for the Section. Based on diminishing quantity and quality of data, the Executive took the decision earlier this year to stop the new tumour registry. All our efforts will now be concentrated on the complex operations databases, which have been updated and modified to try and simplify and facilitate data entry. The success or failure of this decision will depend heavily on the Section members embracing and engaging with the Web based system, and making data collection part of their daily practice. The new look and accessibility of the data and audit web page allows every BAUS member, irrespective of their Section membership, to engage in national audits of their choice. If we can encourage each section member to submit complete data on just one type of complex operative procedure per year, this will be a huge step in the right direction.

Included in this report is the last analysis on the new tumour registry. Numbers are understandably down on last year, since we stopped this dataset with only one month notice and returns were normally allowed until July. However the pattern of decreasing data quality is still apparent, justifying the decision to stop further collections. Members should be reminded that the database as it stands hold a wealth of information on approximately 300 000 cancers, and is still accessible for approved projects.

Also included is the latest report on the Complex Operations dataset from 2010. While it's interesting to note that we've had more data than 2009, this has been from fewer centres and the method of data returned (ie bulk upload or hand entry) makes interesting reading and proof that on-line data entry is the way to go and that the automated e-mail reminders work for follow-ups. Worryingly the median numbers of complex operations per centre and per consultant remain low, although this is likely to simply reflect a reporting bias. The challenge is clear. Unless we start using the Complex Operations dataset, we will lose it.

Greg Boustead

June 2011

AUDIT RESULTS SUMMARY -

Complex operations datasets (January 1st – December 31st 2010)

- 628 Cystectomies reported by 83 consultants from 45 centres
 - 73% males (450/613 recorded)
 - 60% of the operation data (378/628) & 99.4% (158/159) of the follow up data was individually entered by hand as oppose to being bulk imported
- 2225 Prostatectomies reported by 100 consultants from 59 centres
 - 55% of the operation data (1217/2225) & 97.3% (709/729) of the follow up data was individually entered by hand as oppose to being bulk imported
- 2118 Nephrectomies reported by 138 consultants from 73 centres
 - 57% males (1169/2055 recorded)
 - 71% of the operation data (1505/2118) & 97.6% (680/697) of the follow up data was individually entered by hand as oppose to being bulk imported

Newly Diagnosed Tumour Registry (January 1st – December 31st 2010)

- 241 Consultants from 72 Centres provided data on 16,006 newly presenting urological tumours.
- 0.2% (33/16,006) were from the private patients of 12 Consultants
- Range of Consultants per Centre = 1 - 10, (Median 4)
- Median number of tumours per Consultant = 28, Range 1 - 317
- Median number of tumours per Centre = 188, Range 1 – 1415
- 42.4% of the data was individually entered the rest was bulk imported

The following data was included:

- Patients for who the date of diagnosis fell within the time period. (01/01/2010 to 31/12/2010). 15,557 registrations (97.2%).
- Patients for whom the date of diagnosis was either not included or the patient was a tertiary referral, but the referral date fell within the study period. (01/01/2010 to 31/12/2010) 449 registrations (2.8%).

How were the data analysed?

All the data presented here are a summary of the data extracted from the web-based database on 15th April 2011 and relate to newly diagnosed tumours recorded or operations performed during the whole of 2010. Once extracted the data was transferred to an Access database for analysis at which time validation comprising mainly of

checks for duplicate entries and dates were carried out.

For the ranked charts (1, 2, 21, 22, 25, 26, 47, 48, 51, 52, 69 & 70) the individual consultant or centre identification numbers were removed and replaced with rank numbers starting at 1. A unique, confidential "Ranking Sheet" was prepared for each surgeon to enable them to identify their rank in every chart. For those charts where overall figures for the entire database are shown the ranking sheet displays the consultant's individual figures. No one else can identify the results of an individual consultant. The ranked comprise single bars, with in addition the 25, 50, and 75 percentiles and are ranked from left to right in the ascending order of the data item being measured. Where percentages are included figures have been rounded up to one decimal point. Unless otherwise stated all analyses represent the 2010 datasets.

A personal ranking sheet for each consultant registering three or more tumours was issued individually to go with this chartbook.

Sarah Fowler

June 2011

BAUS data & audit project Manager

A. Cystectomies for malignant disease

Chart 1

Total Number of Cystectomies Reported per Consultant
Median: 4 (Interquartile Range 2 - 9)

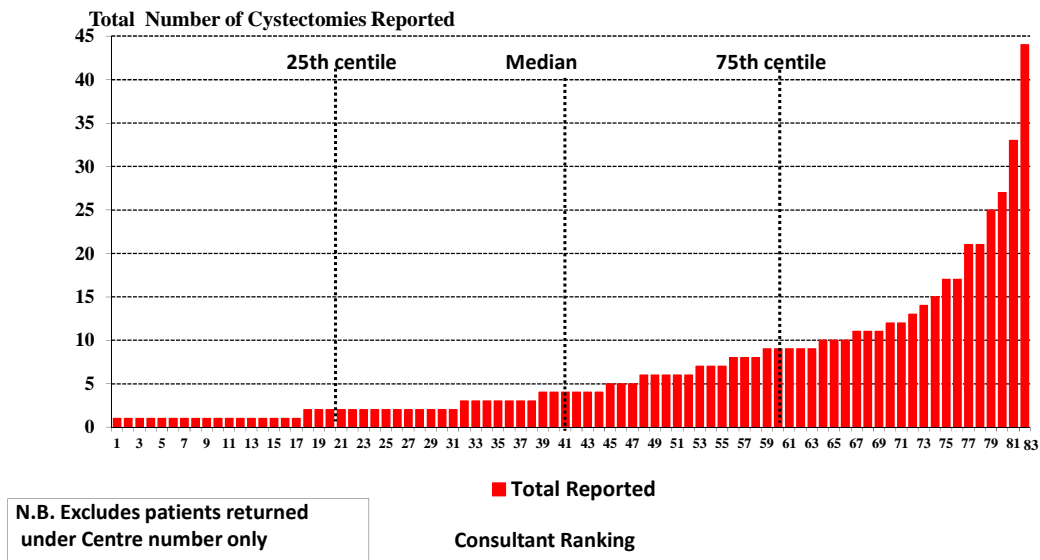


Chart 2

Total Number of Cystectomies Reported per Centre
Median: 10 (Interquartile Range 3 - 18)

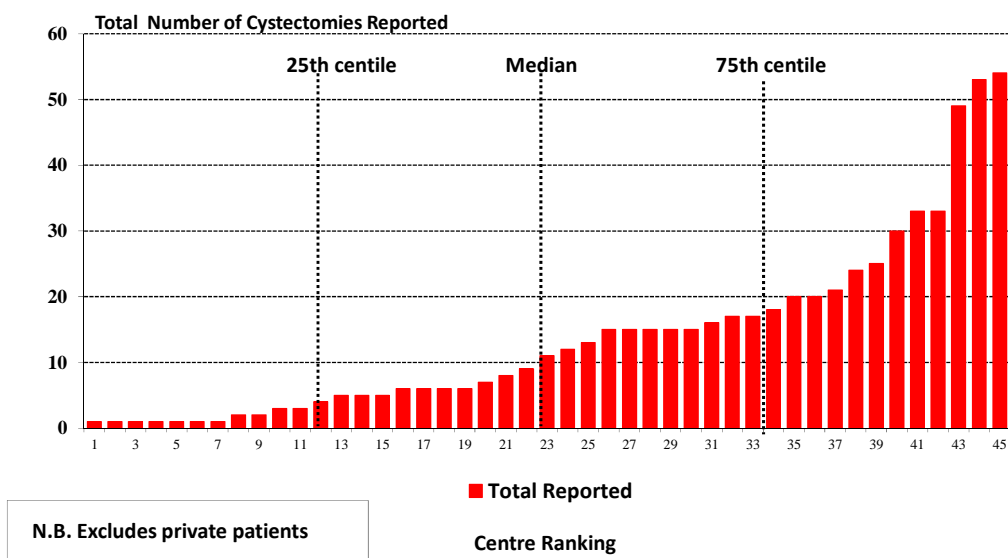


Chart 3

Indication for Cystectomy

Indication	Number & percentage of total (628)	
	N	%
Muscle invasive TCC	319	50.8
Uncontrolled superficial disease	71	11.3
Salvage after radiotherapy	31	4.9
Squamous cell Ca	30	4.8
Primary CIS	16	2.5
Gynaecological Ca	9	1.4
Primary adenocarcinoma	7	1.1
Sarcoma	3	0.5
Secondary adenocarcinoma	3	0.5
Other	46	7.3
Not Recorded	93	14.8

Chart 4

Cystectomy Pre-operative Clinical Staging

Staging could be estimated in 67.8% (426/628) cases

Known Staging	Total Known	
	N	%
Stage 0a (T _a N ₀ M ₀)	9	2.1
Stage 0is (T _{is} N ₀ M ₀)	18	4.2
Stage I (T ₁ N ₀ M ₀)	64	15.0
Stage II (T _{2a} , 2b N ₀ M ₀)	173	40.6
Stage III (T _{3a} , 3b, 4a N ₀ M ₀)	105	24.6
Stage IV (T _{4b} N ₀ M ₀ Any T N ₁ , N ₂ , N ₃ M ₀ Any T any N M ₁)	57 including 3 with metastases	13.4 0.7

Chart 5

Cystectomy - Comparison of Pre-operative clinical & pathological Categories

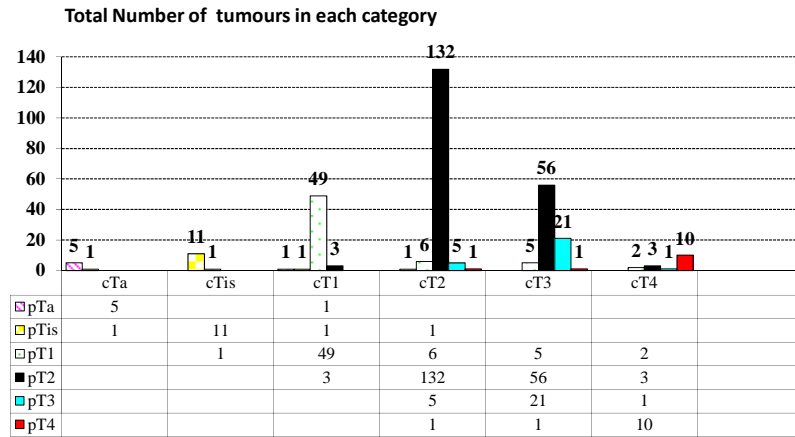


Chart 6

Cystectomy - Comparison of Pre-operative clinical & Post-operative pathological staging

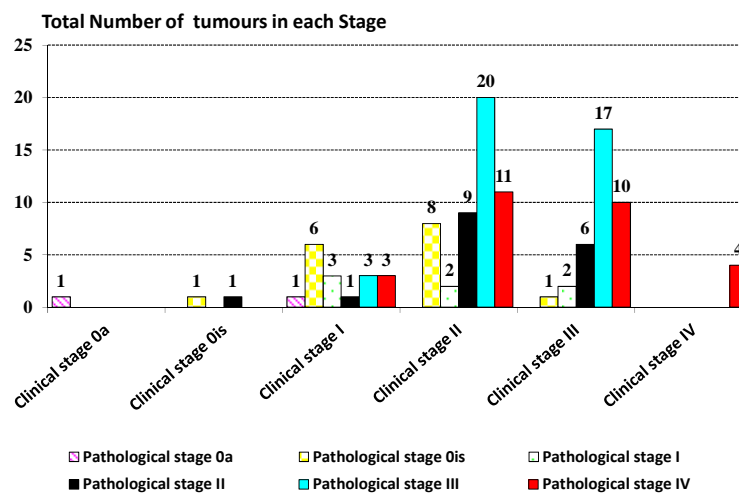


Chart 7

Cystectomy - Pre-operative Imaging
Total Numbers Reported with those as only Imaging method in ()
Information recorded in 97% cases (611/628)

Imaging Method	N
CT Scan	346 (160)
MRI	126 (12)
Bone Scan	41 (0)
IVU	62 (0)
Others	97 (11)
None	208(208)

Chart 8

Cystectomy - Pre-operative Serum Creatinine

Serum Creatinine Level $\mu\text{mols/l}$	N	% of total (628)
0 – 120 $\mu\text{mols/l}$	497	79.1
121 - 200 $\mu\text{mols/l}$	78	12.4
> 200 $\mu\text{mols/l}$	9	1.4
Not recorded	44	7.0

Chart 9

Cystectomy - Other Pre-operative findings

	N	% of total reporting
Pre operative Radiotherapy	42/464	9.1
Pre operative Neoadjuvant Chemotherapy	119/482	24.7
Synchronous Upper tract disease	35/602	5.8

Chart 10

Cystectomy - Status Upper Tracts

Status	Number & percentage of total reported (628)	
	N	%
Normal	439	69.9
Tumour	6	1.0
Hydronephrosis – left	42	6.7
Hydronephrosis – right	49	7.8
Hydronephrosis – bilateral	34	5.4
Non – functioning kidney	6	1.0
Other	15	2.4
Not recorded	37	5.9

Chart 11

Cystectomy Pre-operative Potency

	N	% of total (628)
Impotent	97	15.4
Partially potent	59	9.4
Fully potent	139	22.1
Potency not recorded	333	53.0

Chart 12

Cystectomy Pre-operative Continence

	N	% of total (628)
Complete	371	59.1
Minor stress leakage	21	3.3
1 pad per day	4	0.6
> 1 pad per day	18	2.9
Appliance	18	2.9
Continence not recorded	196	31.2

Chart 13

Cystectomy Grade of Main Operating Surgeon
with numbers & percentage reported as being a supervised training operation

	Total Number	% of total (628)	Supervised training operation	%
Consultant	524	83.4	192/524	36.6
Specialist Registrar	27	4.3	27/27	100
Other	55	8.8	0/55	0
Surgeon not recorded	22	3.5	-	-

Chart 14

Cystectomy - Diversion procedure
48 laparoscopic procedures were reported*
102 combined synchronous urethrectomies
24 combined synchronous nephroureterectomies

	N	% of total (628)
Ileal conduit	469	74.7
Orthotopic	45	7.2
Rectal diversion	2	0.3
Continent cutaneous diversion	3	0.5
Other	13	2.1
Not recorded	96	15.3

66.7% (30/45) of the orthotopics were Studer

* Includes 7 performed robotically (da Vinci)

Chart 15

Cystectomy Lymph Node Dissection

	N	% of total (628)
None	157	25.0
Palpable only	37	5.9
Below bifurcation of common iliac	256	40.8
Extended above bifurcation of common iliac	145	23.1
Not recorded	33	5.3

Chart 16

Cystectomies

- **Median duration of operation:**
- **All patients = 330 mins; Range: 60 – 750; (471 patients)**
- **Patients having LND = 300 mins; Range: 120 – 750; (381 patients)**
- **Patients with no LND = 240 mins; Range: 60 – 600; (90 patients)**
- **Median number of units of blood transfused = 0**
Range: 0 - 12
(reported in 84.0% (529) patients)
- **Median measured blood loss = 800 mls**
Range: 20 – 6,000
(reported in 61.3% (385) patients)
- **Median post-operative stay = 13 days (excluding deaths)**
Range: 1 - 260
(reported in 61.8% (388) patients)

Chart 17

Cystectomies Complications

		N	%
Intra-operative complications:		44/588	7.5
	Bleeding	15/588	2.6
	Rectal Injury	4/588	0.7
	Other / NR	25/588	4.2
Post-operative complications:		121/550	22.0
	Infections/ Septicaemia	29/550	5.3
	Prolonged Ileus	13/550	2.4
	Wound dehiscence	12/550	2.2
	Leaks	4/550	0.7
	Other / NR	63/550	11.5

Chart 18

Cystectomy - Significance of Complications

Overall morbidity Rate = 27.5% (173/628)

30 day mortality Rate = 0.32%(2/628)

	Intra-operative		Post-operative	
	N	%	N	%
No action required	11	25.0	13	10.7
Contributed to death	1	2.3	3	2.5
Delayed discharge	7	15.9	46	38.0
Required medical treatment	2	4.5	32	26.4
Required surgery	4	9.1	19	15.7
Not recorded	19	43.2	8	6.6

Chart 19

Cystectomy - Operative Histology reported in 22.5% (141/628) cases

Histology	Number & percentage of total known (141)	
	N	%
No cancer	18	12.8
Muscle invasive TCC	88	62.4
SCC	5	3.55
Primary CIS	15	10.6
Sarcoma	0	0
Gynaecological ca	3	2.13
Primary adenocarcinoma	1	0.71
Secondary adenocarcinoma	1	0.71
Other	10	7.09

Chart 20

Cystectomy Follow ups

Follow up recorded in 21% (132 / 628) patients

Median time to latest Follow-up = 68 days; range 14 – 357 days

Median number of Follow-ups (where reported) = 1; Range: 1 - 3

Time to latest follow-up:

Time from Operation to follow-up	N	% of total (132)
0 – 90 days	88	66.7
91 – 180 days	30	22.7
181 – 360 days	14	10.6
>=361 days	0	-

Chart 21

**Total Number of Cystectomies Reported per Consultant
Including number with follow-ups
Follow up recorded in 21% (132 / 628) patients**

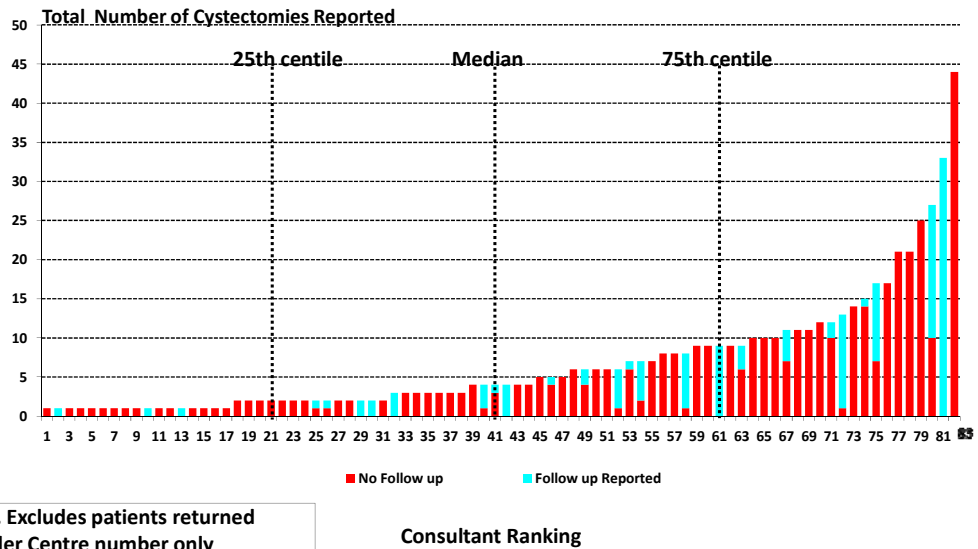


Chart 22

**Total Number of Cystectomies Reported per Centre
Including number with follow-ups
Follow up recorded in 21% (132 / 628) patients**

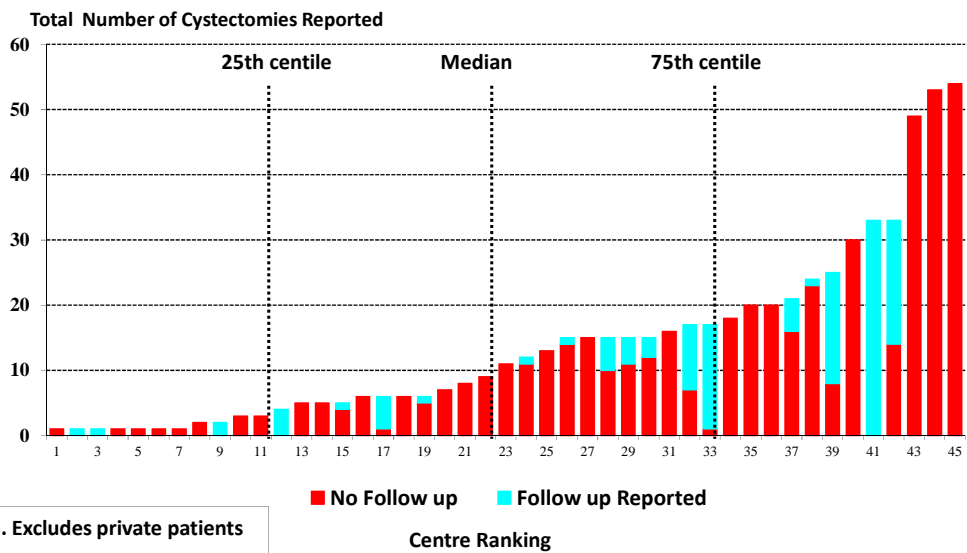


Chart 23

Cystectomy - Current Status
Follow up recorded in 21% (132 / 628) patients
Median time to latest Follow-up = 68 days; range 14 – 357 days

	N	% of total (132)
Alive with no evidence of bladder cancer	114	86.4
Alive with local recurrence of bladder cancer	1	0.76
Alive with lymph node involvement	6	4.55
Alive with metastatic disease	3	2.27
Dead	2	1.52
Not recorded	6	4.55

Late complications were reported in 24/132 (18.2%) patients

Chart 24

Cystectomy - Current Status
Follow up recorded in 21% (132 / 628) patients
Median time to latest Follow-up = 68 days; range 14 – 357 days

Time to follow up	N	% of total (132)	0 – 90 days		91-180 days		181 – 360 days	
			N	%	N	%	N	%
Alive with no evidence of bladder cancer	114	86.4	75	85.2	26	89.7	13	86.7
Alive with local recurrence of bladder cancer	1	0.76	1	1.14				
Alive with lymph node involvement by bladder ca	6	4.55	5	5.68	1	3.45		
Alive with metastatic disease	3	2.27	2	2.27	1	3.45		
Dead	2	1.52	2	2.27				
Not recorded	6	4.55	3	3.41	1	3.45	2	13.3

B. Radical Prostatectomies

Chart 25

Total Number of Prostatectomies Reported per Consultant
Median: 7 (Interquartile Range 2 - 24)

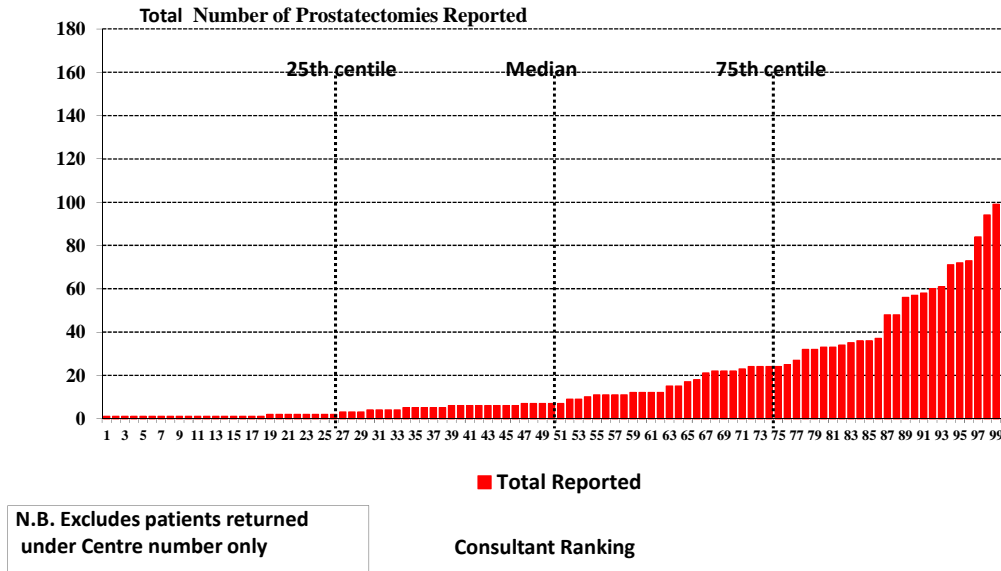


Chart 26

Total Number of Prostatectomies Reported per Centre
Median: 22 (Interquartile Range 4 - 43)

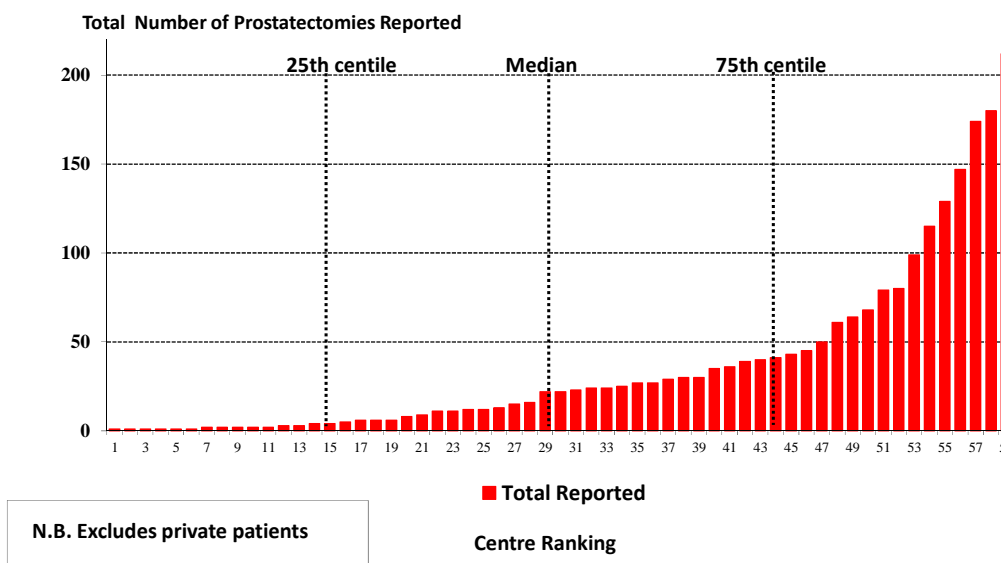
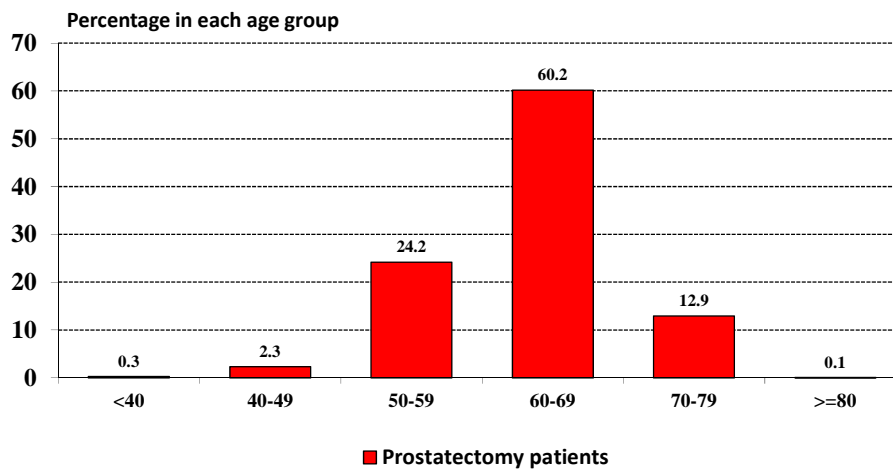


Chart 27

Percentage Age Distribution - Prostatectomies Median : 60 Years; Range 10 -100 (n= 2186*)



Age could be calculated when both date of birth and operation date were recorded = 1749/1757 (99.5%)

Chart 28

Prostatectomy Presentation

Presentation	N	% of total (2225)
Via Screening or Case Finding	992	44.6
LUTS	434	19.5
Other	549	24.7
Not recorded	250	11.2

Other presentation was only recorded in 8.6% (47/549) cases

4.7% (98/2099) were reported as having had a previous TURP

Chart 29

Prostatectomy Pre-operative Clinical Staging Staging could be estimated in 72% (1602/2225) cases

Known Staging	Total Known	
	N	%
Stage I (T1a N0 M0)	5	0.3
Stage II (T1b, 1c, 1, 2 N0 M0)	T1,1a,1b – 50	3.1
	T1c – 694	43.3
	T2 – 725	45.3
Stage III (T3 N0 M0)	113	7.1
Stage IV (T4 N0 M0 Any T N1 M0 Any T any N M1)	15	0.9

Chart 30

Prostatectomies Comparison of clinical & pathological staging

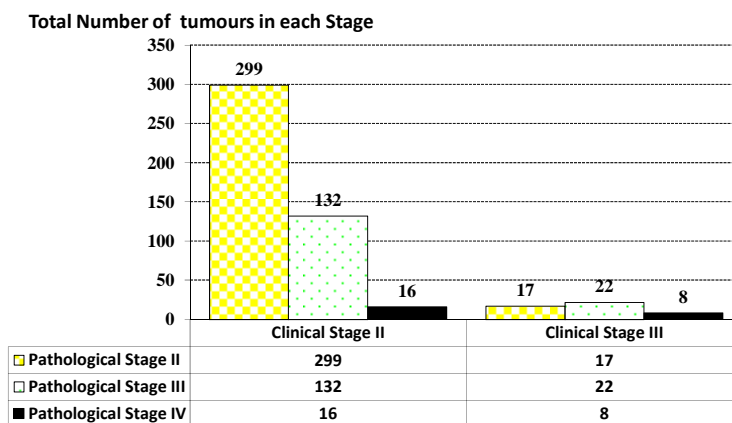


Chart 31

Staging of Prostate Tumours by PSA

Numbers falling in each category

Pre-operative PSA was recorded in 83.4% patients (1856/2225)

Staging could be estimated in 83.6% (1551/1856) of these cases

Known Clinical Staging	Total Patients	PSA 0-5		PSA 6-10		PSA 11-20		PSA 21-50		PSA > 50	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Stage I T1a N0 M0	5	2	0.7	3	0.4	0		0		0	
Stage II T1b, 1c, 1, 2, N0 M0	1422	273	95.8	737	91.9	362	90.3	48	78.7	1	100.0
Stage III T3 N0 M0	110	8	2.8	53	6.6	36	9.0	13	21.3	0	
Stage IV (T4 N0 M0 Any T N1 M0 Any T any N M1)	14	2	0.7	9	1.1	3	0.7	0		0	
Totals	1551	270		802		401		61		1	

Chart 32

Gleason Sum Scores by Age Group - Prostatectomies

Number falling into each category

Gleason scores were recorded in 86.2% (1919/2225)

Age could be recorded in 99.5% (1884/1919) of these

Age Group	Total Patients	Gleason sum 2 – 4		Gleason sum 5 – 6		Gleason sum 7		Gleason sum 8 – 10	
		N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
< 60	509	0	-	240	47.2	231	45.4	38	7.5
60 – 64	540	0	-	241	44.6	261	48.3	38	7.0
65 – 69	593	0	-	227	38.3	319	53.8	47	7.9
70 – 74	228	0	-	78	34.2	137	60.1	13	5.7
75 – 79	13	0	-	4	30.8	8	61.5	1	7.7
>=80	1	0	-	0	-	1	100.0	0	-
Totals	1884	0	-	790	42.0	957	50.8	137	7.27

Chart 33

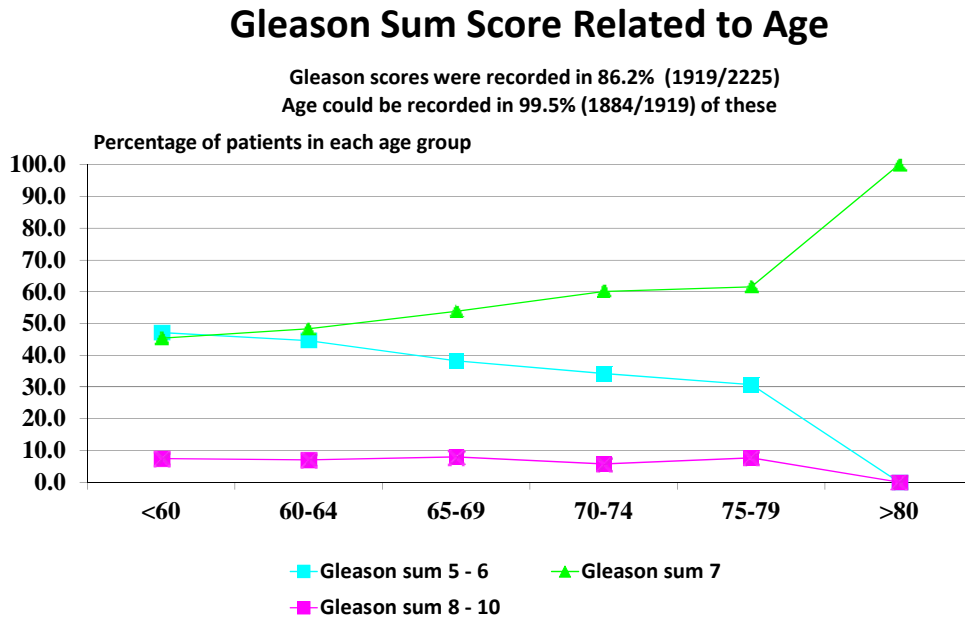


Chart 34

Prostatectomy Pre-operative Potency

	N	% of total (2225)
Impotent	254	11.4
Partially potent	340	15.3
Fully potent	846	38.0
Potency not recorded	785	35.3

Chart 35

Prostatectomy Pre-operative Continence

	N	% of total (2225)
Complete	1505	67.6
Minor stress leakage	35	1.6
1 pad per day	0	-
> 1 pad per day	4	0.2
Appliance	2	0.1
Continence not recorded	679	30.5

Chart 36

Prostatectomy Grade of Main Operating Surgeon with numbers & percentage reported as being a supervised training operation

	Total Number	% of total (2225)	Supervised training operation	%
Consultant	1839	82.7	320/1698	18.8
Specialist Registrar	66	3.0	65/66	98.5
Other	238	10.7	23/238	9.7
Surgeon not recorded	82	3.7	-	-

Chart 37

**Prostatectomy - Procedure
Nerve sparing**

Nerve Sparing	N	% of total (2225)
Bilateral	756	34.0
Unilateral	345	15.5
None	980	44.0
Not recorded	144	6.5

Chart 38

Prostatectomy Procedure - Approach

	N	% of total (2225)
Retropubic	1294	58.2
Perineal	15	0.7
Other	266	12.0
Not recorded	650	29.2

Chart 39

**Prostatectomy Procedure – Laparoscopic
Known Conversion rate = 1.6% (27/1657)***

Laparoscopic	N	% of total (2225)
Yes	1421	63.9
No	736	33.1
Not recorded	68	3.1

*Conversion reasons were included in 24/27

349 (15.7%) procedures were performed robotically (da Vinci)

Chart 40

Prostatectomies

- 36.3% had Lymph Node dissection (787/2171 patients)
- Median duration of operation:
- All patients = 173 mins; Range: 45 - 480; (1735 patients)
- Patients having LND = 170 mins; Range: 45 - 480; (715 patients)
- Patients with no LND = 180 mins; Range: 60 – 450; (1005 patients)
- Median number of units of blood transfused = 0
Range: 0 - 6
(reported in 96.6% (2150) patients)
- Median measured blood loss = 200 mls
Range: 0 – 66,000
(reported in 94.7% (2107) patients)
- Median post-operative stay = 3 days (excluding deaths)
Range: 0 - 160
(reported in 53.8% (1117) patients)

Chart 41

Prostatectomies Complications

		N	%
Intra-operative complications:		95/2225	4.3
	Bleeding	11/2225	0.5
	Rectal Injury	8/2225	0.4
	Difficult access/procedure	22/2225	1.0
	Other / NR	54/2225	2.4
Post-operative complications:		132/2225	5.9
	Infections	13/2225	0.6
	Ileus	4/2225	0.2
	Leaks	3/2225	0.1
	Other / NR	112/2225	5.0

Chart 42

Prostatectomy - Significance of Complications

Overall morbidity Rate = 9.4% (210/2225)

30 day mortality Rate = 0% (0/2225)

	Intra-operative		Post-operative	
	N	%	N	%)
No action required	14	10.6	16	12.2
Contributed to death	0	0.0	0	0.0
Delayed discharge	43	32.6	9	6.9
Required medical treatment	46	34.8	6	4.6
Required surgery	11	8.3	4	3.1
Not recorded	18	13.6	96	73.3

Chart 43

Prostatectomies Comparison of Pre-operative Biopsy and Operative Surgical Gleason Sum Scores

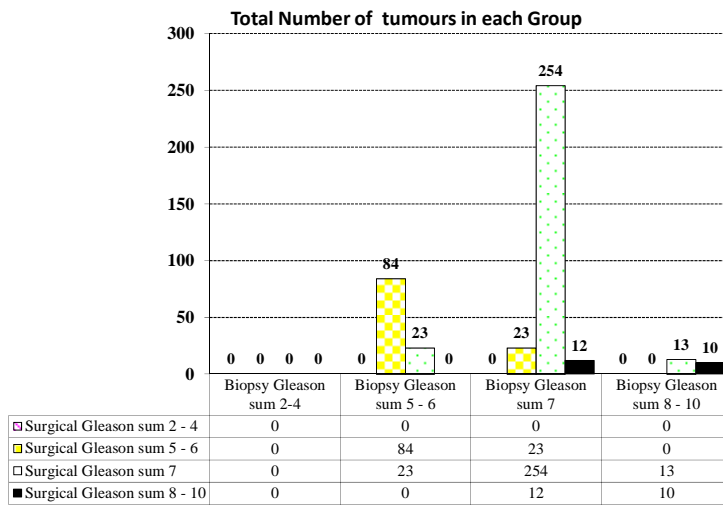


Chart 44

Prostatectomy Pathology

	N	<i>% of total known</i>
Known Positive Lymph Nodes	22/378	5.8
Known Seminal Vesical Involvement	34/500	6.8
Known Positive Margin rate	157/509	30.8

Chart 45

Prostatectomy Follow ups

Follow up recorded in 30.7% (684 / 2225) patients

Median time to latest Follow-up = 82 days; range 5 – 425 days

Median number of Follow-ups = 0; Range: 0 - 3

Time to latest follow-up:

Time from Operation to follow-up	N	% of total (682)
0 – 90 days	394	57.8
91 – 180 days	190	27.9
181 – 360 days	89	13
>=361 days	9	1.32

Chart 46

Total Number of Prostatectomies Reported per Consultant Including number with follow-ups Follow up recorded in 30.7% (684 / 2225) patients

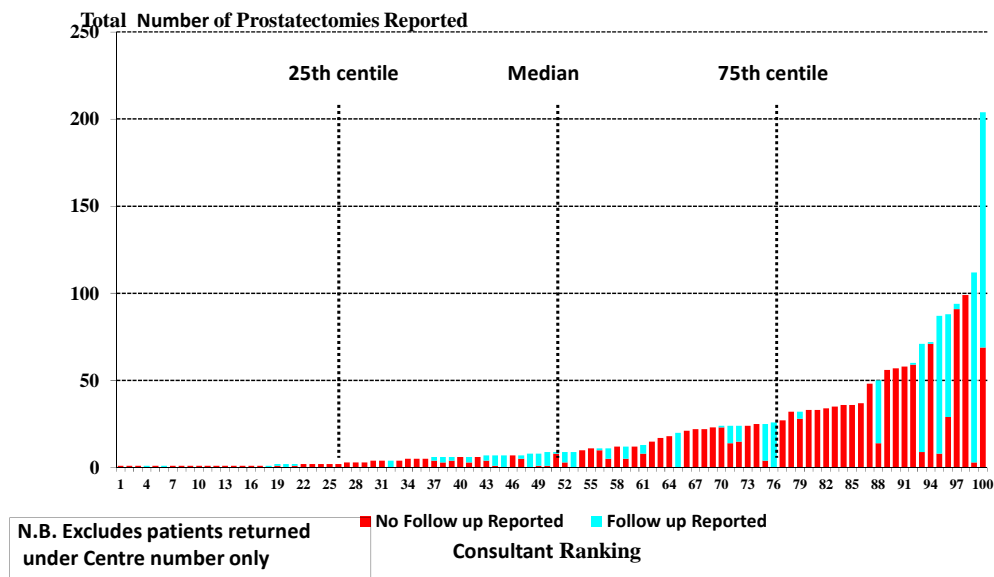


Chart 47

**Total Number of Prostatectomies Reported per Centre
Including number with follow-ups**
Follow up recorded in 30.7% (684 / 2225) patients

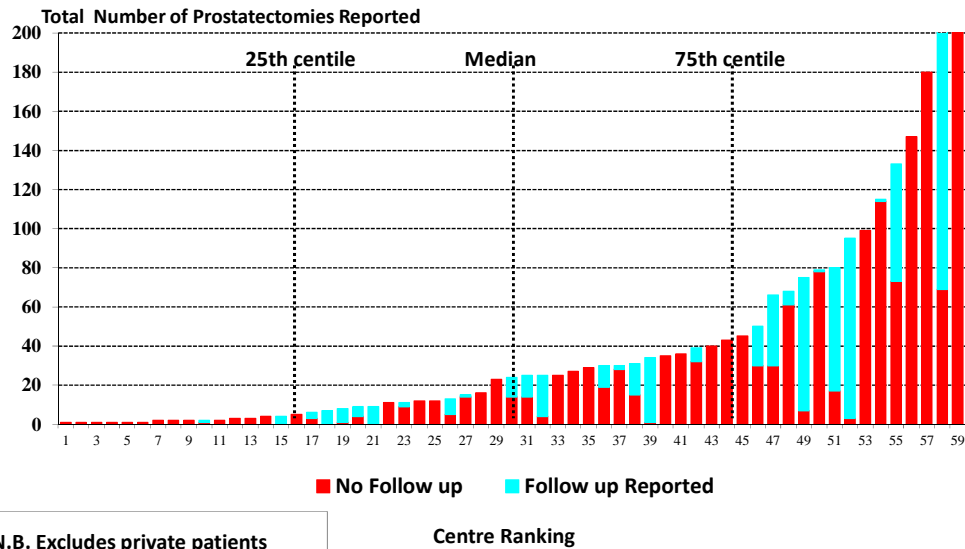


Chart 48

Prostatectomy - Current Status

Follow up recorded in 30.7% (684 / 2225) patients
Median time to latest Follow-up = 82 days; range 5 – 425 days

	N	% of total (684)
Alive with no evidence of prostate cancer	622	90.9
Alive with local recurrence of prostate cancer	10	1.46
Alive with lymph node involvement	12	1.75
Alive with metastatic disease	3	0.44
Dead	0	0
Not recorded	37	5.41

Late complications were reported in 19.1% (131/684) patients:

- 7 Anastamotic strictures
- 6 DVT
- 5 Urethral stricture
- 4 UTI
- 3 Hernia

Chart 49

Prostatectomy - Current Status
 Follow up recorded in 30.7% (684 / 2225) patients
 Median time to latest Follow-up = 82 days; range 5 – 425 days

Time to follow up	N	% of total (684)	0 – 90 days		91-180 days		181 – 360 days		≥361 days	
			N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Alive with no evidence of prostate cancer	622	90.9	349	89.9	180	91.4	84	93.3	9	100
Alive with local recurrence of prostate cancer	10	1.5	3	0.8	5	2.5	2	2.2	0	-
Alive with lymph node involvement	12	1.7	11	2.8	1	0.5	0	0	0	-
Alive with metastatic disease	3	0.4	0	0	2	1.0	1	1.1	0	-
Dead	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Not recorded	37	5.4	25	6.4	9	4.6	3	3.3	0	-

C. Nephrectomies (Including procedures for both malignancies and non-malignancies)

Chart 50

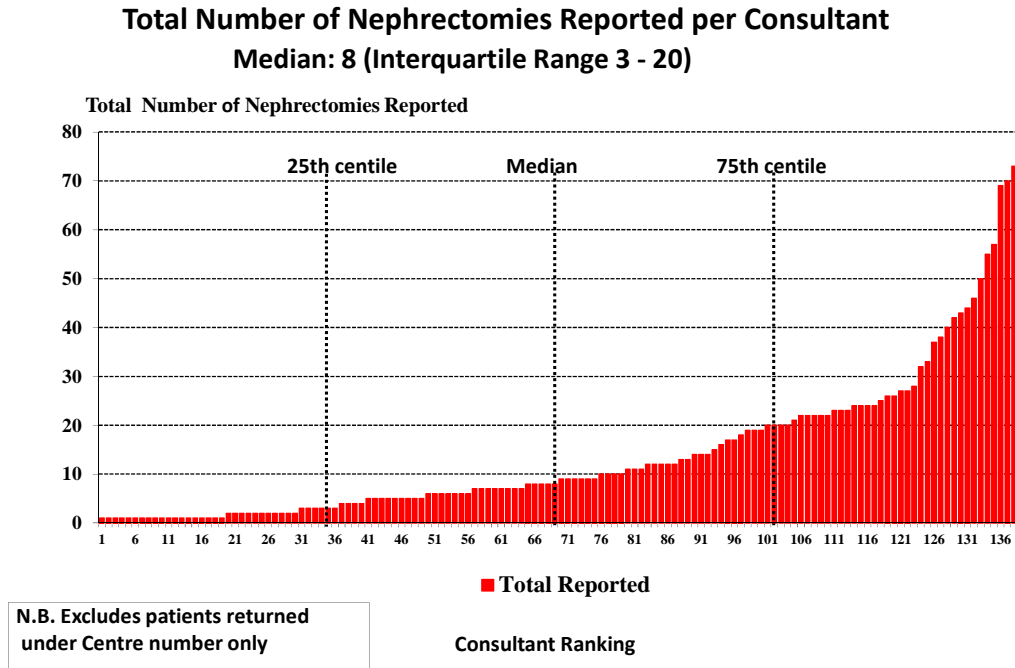


Chart 51

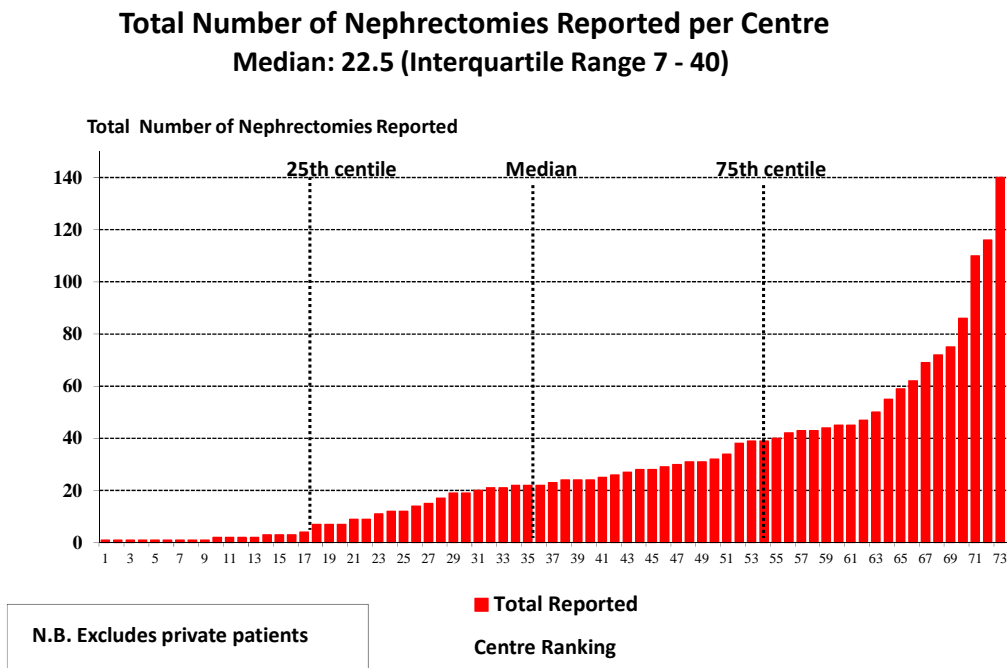


Chart 52

Nephrectomy - Pre-operative presentation

	N	% of total (2118)
Incidental finding with no symptoms	680	32.1
Haematuria	479	22.6
Other:	765	36.1
Weight Loss	24	1.1
Other Ca	19	0.9
Pain	198	9.3
UTI	61	2.92
Other/Not recorded	463	21.9
Not recorded	194	9.2

Chart 53

Nephrectomy - Diagnosis

		N	% of total (2118)
Malignant	Renal Cell Cancer	1196	56.5
	TCC	266	12.6
	Other Cancer / Not recorded	320	15.1
Non-Malignant	Non-functioning kidney	141	6.7
	Stone disease	45	2.1
	Other / Not recorded	70	3.3
Not recorded		80	3.8

Chart 54

Nephrectomies – Haematology at Presentation

	N	Median	Range
Hb (g/L)	1451	14	6 – 183
Total WBC (* 10 ⁹ / L)	1293	8	3 – 124
Neutrophils (* 10 ⁹ / L)	1107	5	2 – 44
Lymphocytes (* 10 ⁹ / L)	749	2	2 – 300
Platelets (* 10 ⁹ / L)	1260	260	2 - 1030

Chart 55

Nephrectomy - Pre-operative Serum Creatinine

Serum Creatinine Level $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$	N	% of total (2118)
0 – 120 $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$	1554	73.4
121 - 200 $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$	187	8.8
> 200 $\mu\text{mol}/\text{l}$	42	2.0
Not recorded	335	15.8

Chart 56

Nephrectomy Pre-operative Clinical Staging Staging could be estimated in 73.7% (1314/1782*) cases

Known Staging	Total Known	
	N	%
Stage Oa (Ta N0 M0)	37	2.8
Stage Ois (Tis N0 M0)	2	0.2
Stage I (T1 N0 M0)	666	50.7
Stage II (T2 N0 M0)	257	19.6
Stage III (T1, T2, T3 N0, N1 M0)	186	14.2
Stage IV (T4 N0, N1 M0 Any T N2 M0 Any T any N M1)	166 including 81 with metastases	12.6 6.2

* Malignancies only

Chart 57

Nephrectomies Comparison of clinical & pathological staging

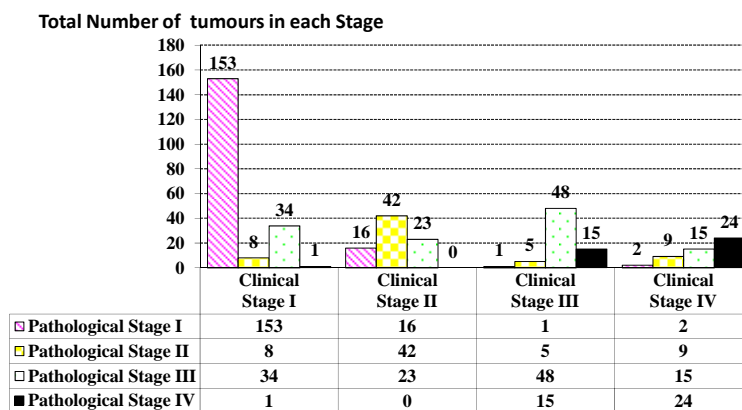


Chart 58

Nephrectomy Grade of Main Operating Surgeon
with numbers & percentage reported as being a supervised training operation

	Total Number	% of total (2118)	Supervised training operation	%
Consultant	1567	74.0	398/1567	25.4
Specialist Registrar	261	12.3	250/261	95.8
Other / Not recorded	290	13.7	-	-

Chart 59

Nephrectomy – Procedure

	Malignancies		Non-Malignancies	
	N	% of total (1782)	N	% of total (256)
Radical Nephrectomy	1081	60.7	54	21.1
Partial Nephrectomy	224	12.6	16	6.3
Simple Nephrectomy	114	6.4	160	62.5
Nephroureterectomy	302	16.9	12	4.7
Heminephrectomy	0	0.0	2	0.8
Other	44	2.5	8	3.1
Not Recorded	17	1.0	4	1.6

The vena cava was reported as being explored in 47 cases:

- 6 – level 1; 11 – level 2; 6 – level 3; 4 – level 4 and 19 not recorded
- 6 – liver mobilisation; 2 cardiopulmonary bypass; 2 circulatory arrest; 24 complete excision from IVC

Chart 60

Nephrectomies – Known Surgical Approach
Known Laparoscopic Conversion rate = 7.3% (91/1249)*

Approach	Malignancies		Non-Malignancies	
	N	% of total (1493)	N	% of total (253)
Open	484	32.4	40	15.8
Laparoscopic	1009	67.6	213	84.2

*** Conversion reasons**

- 25 due to bleeding
- 37 due to failure to progress
- 29 other / not recorded

Chart 61

Nephrectomy Approach by Pre-operative Clinical Staging
Staging could be estimated in 73.7% (1314/1782*) cases

Known Staging	Total	Open	%	Laparoscopic	%
	N	N		N	
Stage Oa (Ta N0 M0)	36	4	0.9	32	3.8
Stage Ois (Tis N0 M0)	2	0	0.0	2	0.2
Stage I (T1 N0 M0)	649	169	39.7	480	56.5
Stage II (T2 N0 M0)	251	95	22.3	156	18.4
Stage III (T1, T2, T3 N0, N1 M0)	175	89	20.9	86	10.1
Stage IV (T4 N0, N1 M0 Any T N2 M0 Any T any N M1)	163	69	16.2	94	11.1

* Malignancies only

Chart 62

Nephrectomies – Procedure
6.4% (135/2118) had Lymph Node dissection*

	Procedure	N	Median	Range
Duration of Operation (mins)	Open Radical Nephrectomy	258	150	30 – 438
	Lap Radical Nephrectomy	668	150	40 - 495
	Open Nephroureterectomy	30	161	90 – 360
	Lap Nephroureterectomy	192	180	60 – 390
	Open Partial/Simple Nephrectomy	131	130	60 – 270
	Lap Partial/Simple Nephrectomy	223	150	45 – 360
Post –op Length of Stay (days)	Open Radical Nephrectomy	264	7	2 – 179
	Lap Radical Nephrectomy	658	4	0 – 93
	Open Nephroureterectomy	37	9	5 – 56
	Lap Nephroureterectomy	166	6	1 – 82
	Open Partial/Simple Nephrectomy	150	6	1 – 42
	Lap Partial/Simple Nephrectomy	193	3	0 - 39

* All recorded in malignant diagnoses

Chart 63

Nephrectomies – Procedure
Measured Blood Loss and Transfusion

	Procedure	N	Median	Range
Units of Blood Transfused	Open Radical Nephrectomy	251	0	0 – 20
	Lap Radical Nephrectomy	674	0	0 – 12
	Open Nephroureterectomy	28	0	0 – 7
	Lap Nephroureterectomy	203	0	0 – 7
	Open Partial/Simple Nephrectomy	150	0	0 – 32
	Lap Partial/Simple Nephrectomy	229	0	0 – 4
Measured Blood Loss (mls)	Open Radical Nephrectomy	240	400	0 – 7,000
	Lap Radical Nephrectomy	669	100	0 – 4,000
	Open Nephroureterectomy	30	400	0 – 4,000
	Lap Nephroureterectomy	200	100	0 – 2,250
	Open Partial/Simple Nephrectomy	145	150	0 – 2,500
	Lap Partial/Simple Nephrectomy	214	100	0 – 1,500

Chart 64

Nephrectomies Complications by Procedure and Severity*

	Total complication rate % (N)	Known Intra-operative rate %	Known Post-operative rate %
Radical Nephrectomy:			
Open	21.2 (65/306)	6.5 (4 major, 8 minor)	12.4 (13major, 23minor)
Laparoscopic	17.7 (133/751)	2.8 (4 major, 11minor)	13.0 (24major, 69minor)
Nephroureterectomy:			
Open	32.4 (12/37)	2.7 (not recorded)	29.7 (2 major, 9minor)
Laparoscopic	22.3 (52/233)	3.9 (1 minor)	16.3 (6 major, 26minor)
Simple/Partial Nephrectomy:			
Open	16.7 (29/174)	2.3 (1 major, 0minor)	10.9 (2 major, 17minor)
Laparoscopic	19.2 (47/245)	8.5 (3 major, 4 minor)	10.6 (5 major, 20minor)

* N.B. Neither the severity nor timing of the complication (intra or post-operative) was recorded in all cases

Chart 65

Radical Nephrectomies - Significance of Complications

Overall morbidity Rate: Open = 21.2%(65/306); Laparoscopic = 17.7% (133/751)

30 day mortality Rate: Open = 2.9% (9/306); Laparoscopic = 1.1% (8 / 751)

	Open		Laparoscopic	
	N	%	N	%
No action required	8	12.3	13	9.8
Contributed to death	2	3.1	6	4.5
Delayed discharge	12	18.5	35	26.3
Required medical treatment	15	23.1	39	29.3
Required surgery	10	15.4	23	17.3
Not recorded	18	27.7	17	12.8

Chart 66

Nephroureterectomies - Significance of Complications

Overall morbidity Rate: Open = 32.4%(12/37); Laparoscopic = 22.3% (52/233)

30 day mortality Rate: Open = 0% (0/37); Laparoscopic = 2.1% (5 / 233)

	Open		Laparoscopic	
	N	%	N	%
No action required	1	8.3	3	5.8
Contributed to death	0	0.0	1	1.9
Delayed discharge	5	41.7	13	25.0
Required medical treatment	3	25.0	15	28.8
Required surgery	1	8.3	6	11.5
Not recorded	2	16.7	14	26.9

Chart 67

Partial / Simple Nephrectomies - Significance of Complications

Overall morbidity Rate: Open = 16.7%(29/174); Laparoscopic = 19.2% (47/245)

30 day mortality Rate: Open = 0% (0/174); Laparoscopic = 1.6% (4/245)

	Open		Laparoscopic	
	N	%	N	%
No action required	3	10.3	7	14.9
Contributed to death	0	0.0	1	2.1
Delayed discharge	5	17.2	9	19.1
Required medical treatment	11	37.9	10	21.3
Required surgery	2	6.9	6	12.8
Not recorded	8	27.6	14	29.8

Chart 68

**Nephrectomies – Parenchymal Tumours
Predominant cell type
Reported in 99% parenchymal tumours (372/375)**

Predominant Cell Type	N	% of total reported (372)
Clear Cell	304	81.7
Papillary	33	8.9
Oncocytoma	4	1.1
Chromophobe	20	5.4
Collecting duct	3	0.8
Other	8	2.2

Chart 69

**Nephrectomies – Urothelial Tumours
Site of Tumour
Reported in 100% urothelial tumours (77)**

Site of Tumour	N	% of total reported (77)
Calyx	5	6.5
Pelvis	28	36.4
PUJ	1	1.3
Ureter	38	49.4
Multiple sites	5	6.5

Chart 70

Nephrectomy Follow ups

Follow up recorded in 25.4% (539 / 2118) patients

Median time to latest Follow-up = 71 days; range 0 – 417 days

Median number of Follow-ups = 0; Range: 0 - 4

Time to latest follow-up:

Time from Operation to follow-up	N	% of total known (539)
0 – 90 days	296	55.4
91 – 180 days	117	21.9
181 – 360 days	111	20.8
>=361 days	10	1.9

Chart 71

Total Number of Nephrectomies Reported per Consultant Including number with follow-ups Follow up recorded in 25.4% (539 / 2118) patients

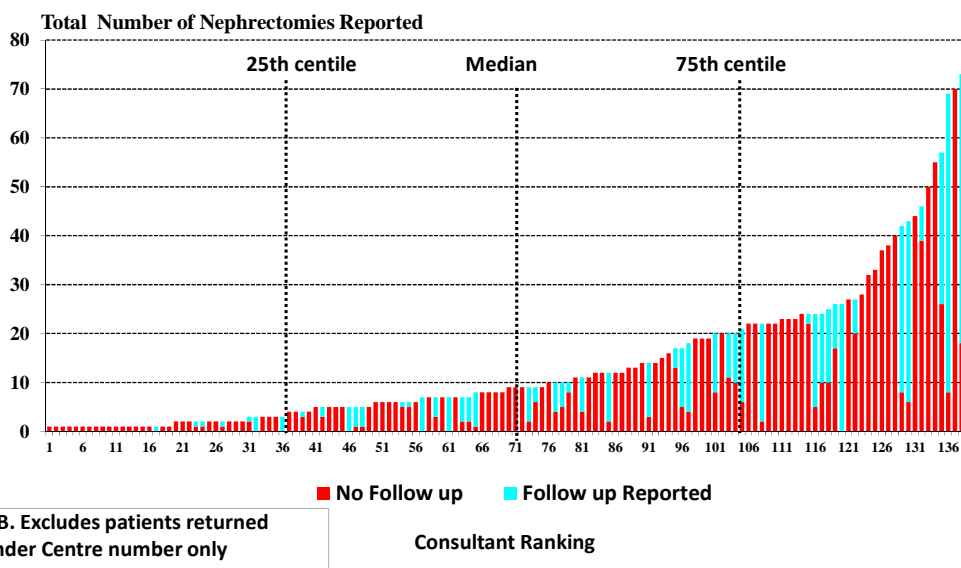


Chart 72

**Total Number of Nephrectomies Reported per Centre
Including number with follow-ups
Follow up recorded in 25.4% (539 / 2118) patients**

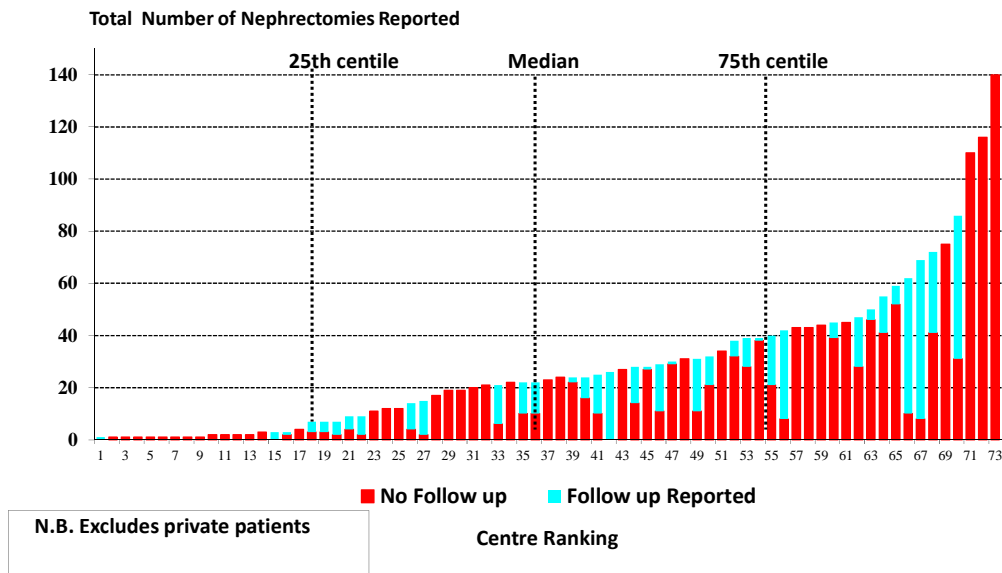


Chart 73

**Nephrectomy - Current Status
Follow up recorded in 25.4% (539 / 2118) patients
Median time to latest Follow-up = 71 days; range 0 – 417 days**

	N	% of total (539)
Alive with no evidence of renal cancer	402	74.6
Alive with local recurrence of renal cancer	1	0.2
Alive with lymph node involvement	4	0.7
Alive with metastatic disease	33	6.1
Dead	5	0.9
Not recorded	94	17.4

Late complications were reported in 62/539 (11.5%) patients:

- 12 wound infection
- 6 wound hernia
- 30 renal
- 8 wound pain
- 22 other

Chart 74

Nephrectomy - Current Status
Follow up recorded in 25.4% (539 / 2118) patients
Median time to latest Follow-up = 71 days; range 0 – 417 days

Time to follow up	N	% of total (539)	0 – 90 days		91-180 days		181 – 360 days		>=361 days	
			N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%
Alive with no evidence of renal cancer	402	74.6	207	71.6	89	74.8	96	85.0	7	70.0
Alive with local recurrence of renal cancer	1	0.2	1	0.3	0	-	0	-	0	-
Alive with lymph node involvement	4	0.7	2	0.7	1	0.8	1	0.9	0	-
Alive with metastatic disease	33	6.1	19	6.6	7	5.9	6	5.3	0	-
Dead	5	0.9	2	0.7	1	0.8	1	0.9	1	10.0
Not recorded	94	17.4	58	20.1	21	17.6	9	8.0	2	20.0

D. Newly Diagnosed Cancer Registry

Participants and Overall Figures

- 241 Consultants from 72 Centres provided data on 16,006 newly presenting urological tumours.
- 0.2% (33/16,006) were from the private patients of 12 Consultants
- Range of Consultants per Centre = 1 - 10, (Median 4)
- Median number of tumours per Consultant = 28, Range 1 - 317
- Median number of tumours per Centre = 188, Range 1 – 1415
- 42.4% of the data was individually entered the rest was bulk imported

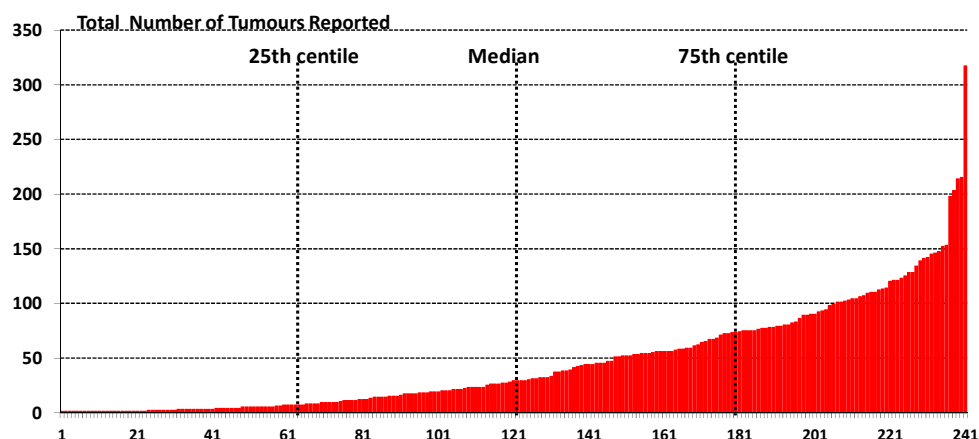
The following data was included:

- Patients for who the date of diagnosis fell within the time period. (01/01/2010 to 31/12/2010). 15,557 registrations (97.2%).
- Patients for whom the date of diagnosis was either not included or the patient was a tertiary referral, but the referral date fell within the study period. (01/01/2010 to 31/12/2010) 449 registrations (2.8%).

The completeness of data when bulk imported from in-house systems is less than when individually entered into the web-based database making validation and analyses more complicated.

Chart 75

Total Number of Newly Presenting Tumours Reported per Consultant Median: 28 (Interquartile Range 7 - 73)

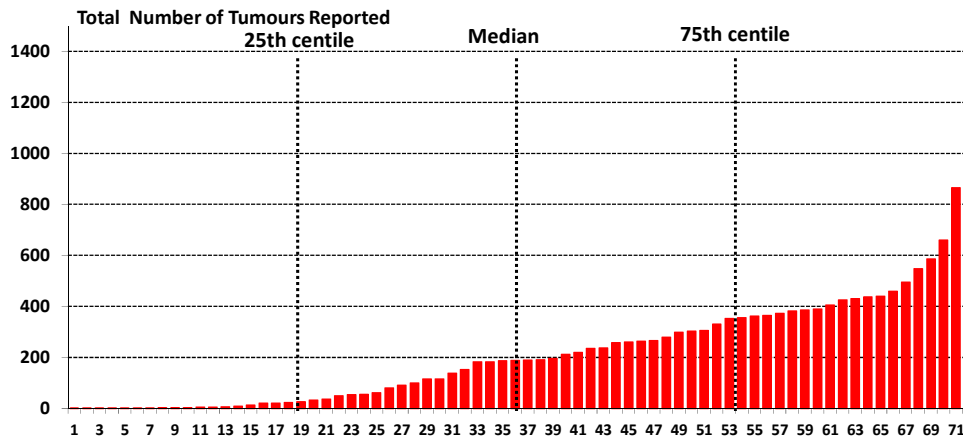


N.B. Excludes data returned by centres as a whole

■ Total Registrations
Consultant Ranking

Chart 76

Total Number of Newly Presenting Tumours Reported per Centre
Median: 188 (Interquartile Range 23 - 355)



N.B. Excludes private patients

■ Total Registrations
 Centre Ranking

Chart 77

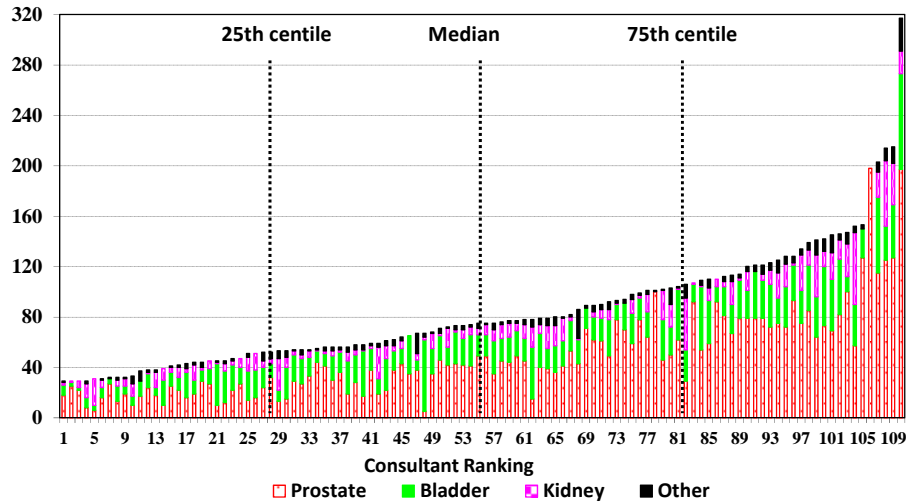
Number of Newly presenting Tumours by Organ per Consultant
241 Consultants reported 16,163 Tumours
Median Total per Consultant = 28

Organ	Total Number Reported	Median per Consultant	Range
Prostate *	9276	14	0 – 198
Bladder	3969	7	0 – 76
Kidney	1613	1	0 – 57
Testis	446	1	0 – 20
Pelvis/Ureter	237	0	0 – 9
Penis	135	0	0 – 20
Urethra	19	0	0 – 3
Prostatic Urethra	5	0	0 - 2

* Includes 36 registrations with High Grade PIN only

Chart 78

Total Number of Newly Presenting Tumours Reported per Consultant by Organ where n >=28 (i.e. the median reported per consultant)



N.B. Excludes data returned by centres as a whole

Chart 79

Overall Data by Organ

Organ	Number Recorded	Percentage of Total (16,006)	Median Age at Diagnosis	Age Range	Males	Females
Prostate *	9276	58.0	70	40 - 97	9221	
Bladder	3969	24.8	74	17 - 100	2893	1062
Kidney	1613	10.1	68	16 - 92	994	612
Testis	446	2.8	37	14 - 87	443	
Pelvis/Ureter	237	1.5	71	44 - 90	144	90
Penis	135	0.8	65	29 - 94	134	
Urethra	19	0.1	68	35 - 89	15	4
Prostatic Urethra	5	0.0	71	65 - 82	5	
Other	25	0.2	69	50 - 82	16	4
Not recorded	281	1.8	66	40 - 97	255	29

* Includes 36 registrations with High Grade PIN only

Chart 80

Overall Data by Organ by Year

Organ	2010 Number Recorded	% of Total (16,006)	2004 Number Recorded	% of Total (24,532)	1999 Number Recorded	% of Total (19,009)
Prostate	9276*	58.0	14858#	60.6	9277	48.8
Bladder	3969	24.8	6073	24.8	6584	34.6
Kidney	1613	10.1	2104	8.6	1661	8.7
Testis	446	2.8	750	3.1	838	4.4
Pelvis/Ureter	237	1.5	291	1.2	281	1.5
Penis	135	0.8	196	0.8	165	0.9
Urethra	19	0.1	29	0.1	-	
Prostatic Urethra	5	0.0	15	0.1	-	
Other	25	0.2	29	0.1	120	0.6
Not recorded	281	1.8	187	0.8	85	0.4

Including registrations with High Grade PIN only:

*36; # 84

Chart 81

Total Registrations per Country Prostate, Bladder, Kidney, Testis, Pelvis/Ureter & Penile Tumours*

Region	2010 Total Registrations* BAUS	National figures* *	2009 BAUS % National	2004 BAUS % National	1999 BAUS % National
England	15036	48533	40.0	50.8	44.0
Scotland	103	3745	2.7	18.8	17.4
Wales	834	3738	22.3	53.3	35.5
Northern Ireland	0	1531	0	37.6	24.5
Total UK	22530	57547	27.8	48.1	40.7

**England : cancer statistics - registrations of cancer diagnosed in 2008, England. Series MBI no. 39 – 2011

Wales: Welsh Cancer Intelligence & Surveillance Unit – 2009: www.wales.nhs.uk

Scotland: Scottish Cancer Registry, Scottish Cancer Intelligence Group, ISD Scotland 2008: www.isdscotland.org

Northern Ireland: Northern Ireland Cancer Registry - 2008 - www.qub.ac.uk/nicr

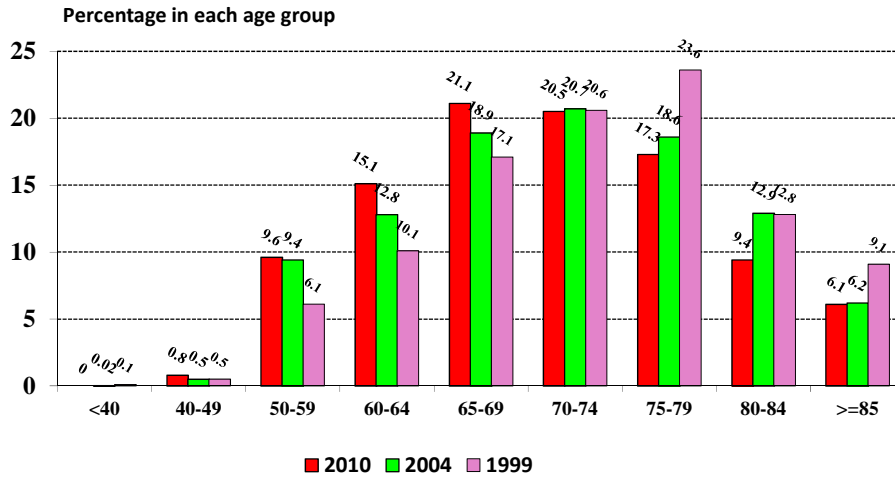
Chart 82

Percentage Age Distribution - Prostate Tumours

BAUS 2010 median: 70 Years; Range 16 -101 (n= 9,046*)

BAUS 2004 median: 72 Years; Range 21 -103 (n= 14,665*)

BAUS 1999 median: 73 Years; Range 21 -100 (n= 8,870*)



- Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded
- The reductions in age at diagnosis over the years are significant at the 95% CI

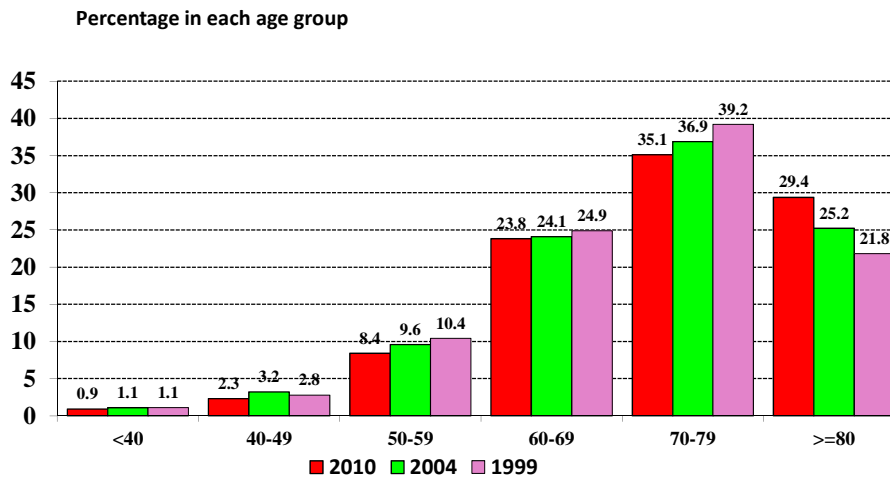
Chart 83

Percentage Age Distribution - Bladder Tumours - Males

BAUS 2010 median: 74 Years; Range 25 - 99 (n= 2,843*)

BAUS 2004 median: 73 Years; Range 20 -101 (n= 4,470*)

BAUS 1999 median: 72 Years; Range 6 - 99 (n= 4,664*)



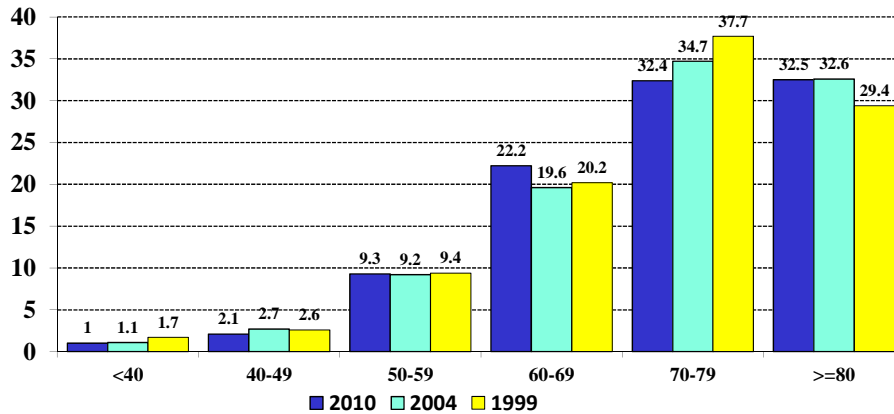
* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded

Chart 84

Percentage Age Distribution - Bladder Tumours – Females

BAUS 2010 median: 74 Years; Range 21 - 101 (n= 1,035*)
 BAUS 2004 median: 73 Years; Range 20 -101 (n= 4,470*)
 BAUS 1999 median: 75 Years; Range 2 - 98 (n= 1,590*)

Percentage in each age group



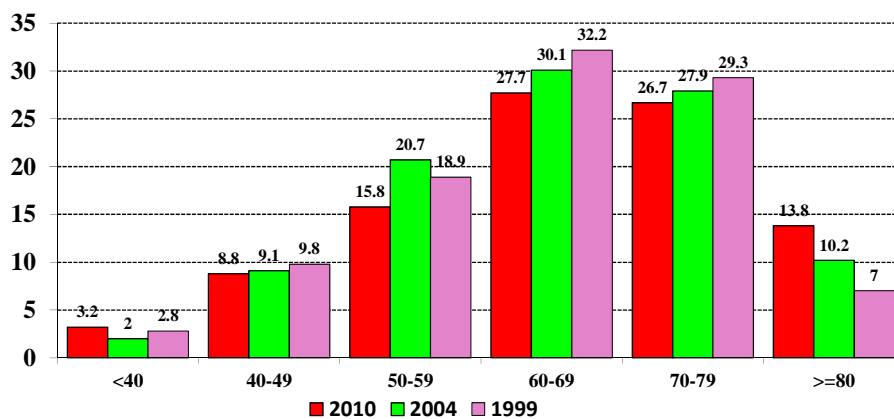
* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded

Chart 85

Percentage Age Distribution - Kidney Tumours - Males

BAUS 2010 median: 66 Years; Range 16- 93 (n= 954*)
 BAUS 2004 median: 66 Years; Range 21 -102 (n= 1,323*)
 BAUS 1999 median: 65 Years; Range 24 - 95 (n= 1,000*)

Percentage in each age group



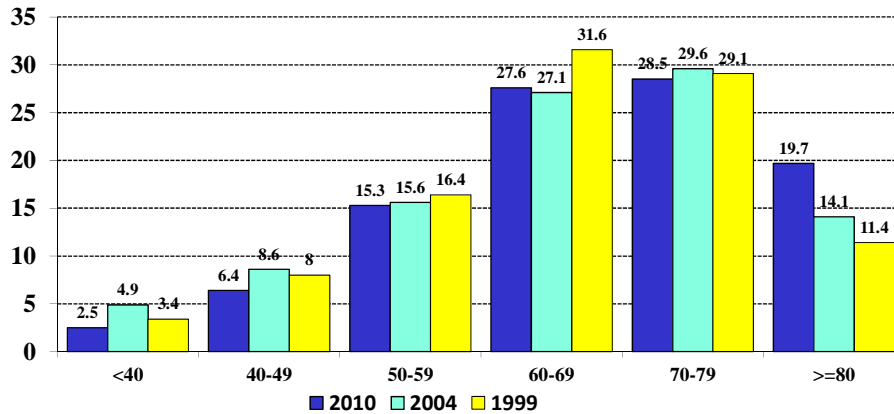
* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded

Chart 86

Percentage Age Distribution – Kidney Tumours – Females

BAUS 2010 median: 68 Years; Range 19 - 96 (n= 594*)
 BAUS 2004 median: 67 Years; Range 20 - 98 (n= 742*)
 BAUS 1999 median: 67 Years; Range 21 - 97 (n= 585*)

Percentage in each age group



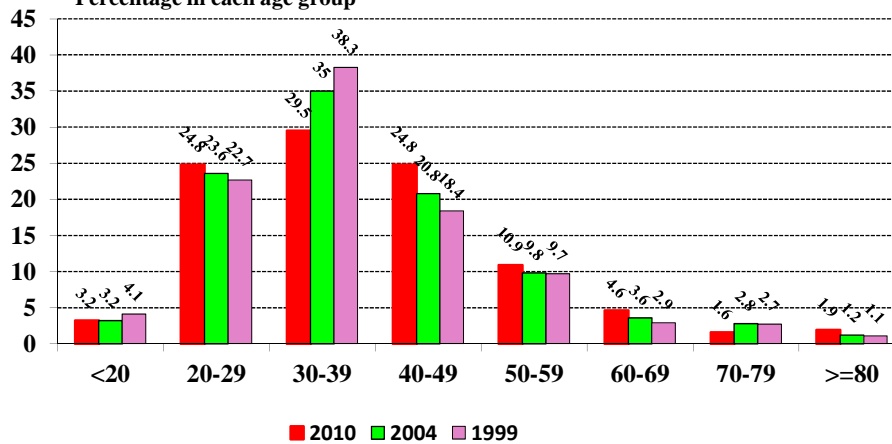
* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded

Chart 87

Percentage Age Distribution - Testicular Tumours

BAUS 2010 median: 37 Years; Range 3 - 87 (n= 431*)
 BAUS 2004 median: 36 Years; Range 14 -101 (n= 746*)
 BAUS 1999 median: 36 Years; Range 3 -99 (n= 781*)

Percentage in each age group

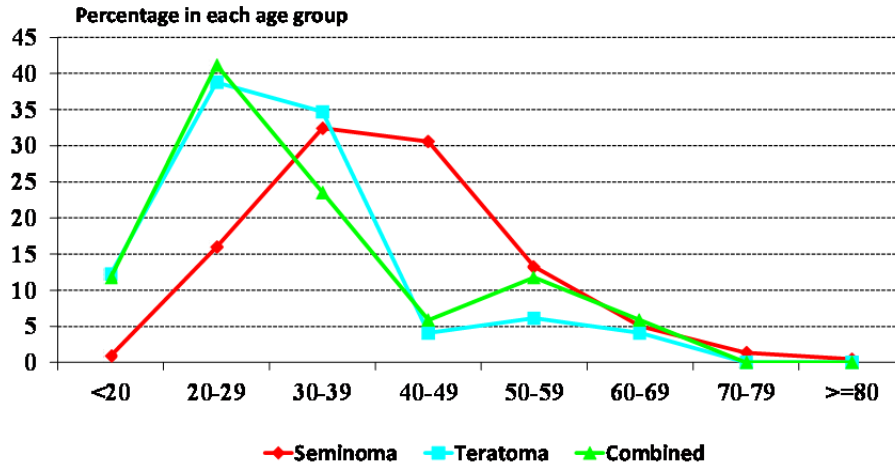


* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded

Chart 88

Percentage Age Distribution - Testicular Tumours

Seminoma median age : 40 years; Range 18 - 82; (n = 219*)
 Teratoma median age : 29 years; Range 14 - 65; (n = 49*)
 Combined seminoma/teratoma median age : 27 years; Range 19 - 62; (n = 15*)

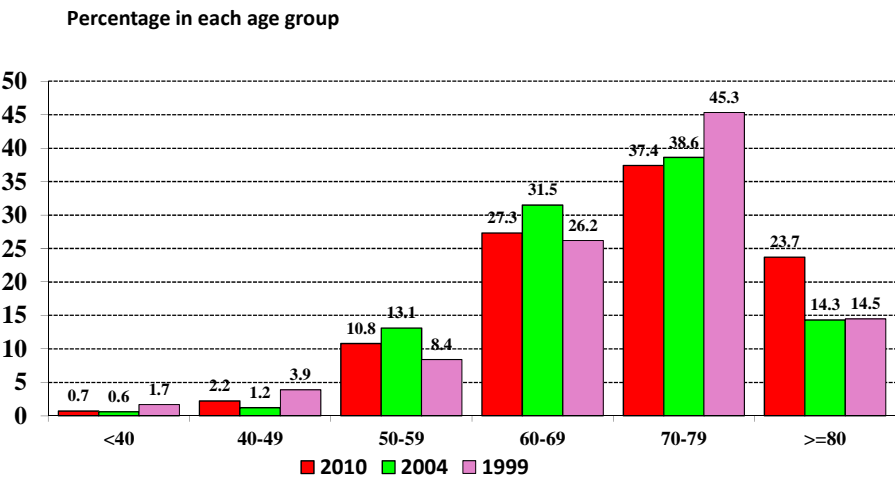


* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded = 431/446 (97%).
 Histology was reported in 359 of these tumours. (359/431 = 83%), 76 of these were histologies other than the above groups

Chart 89

Percentage Age Distribution – Pelvic / Ureteric Tumours – Males

BAUS 2010 median: 72 Years; Range 34 - 90 (n= 139*)
 BAUS 2004 median: 70 Years; Range 19 - 91 (n= 168*)
 BAUS 1999 median: 71 Years; Range 36 - 89 (n= 179*)



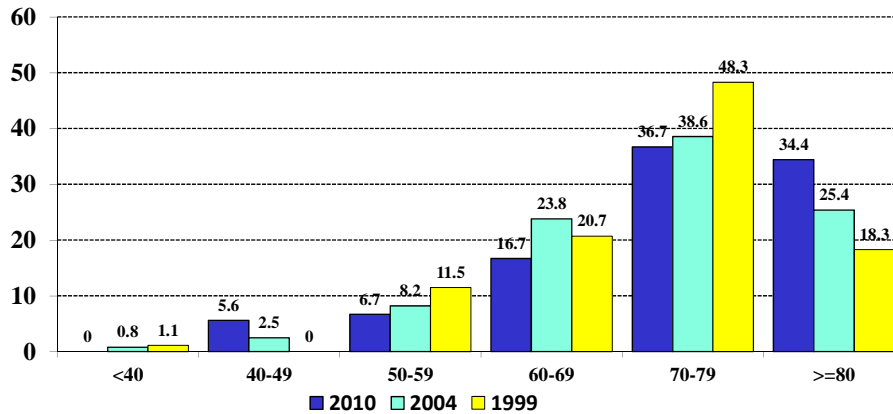
* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded

Chart 90

Percentage Age Distribution – Pelvic / Ureteric Tumours – Females

BAUS 2010 median: 76 Years; Range 44 - 98 (n= 90*)
 BAUS 2004 median: 73 Years; Range 19 - 94 (n= 122*)
 BAUS 1999 median: 74 Years; Range 39 - 89 (n= 74*)

Percentage in each age group



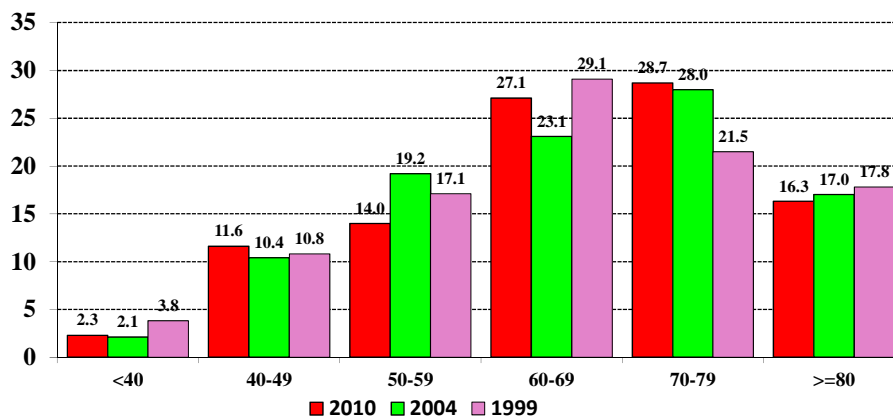
* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded

Chart 91

Percentage Age Distribution – Penile Tumours

BAUS 2010 median: 69 Years; Range 29 - 94 (n= 128*)
 BAUS 2004 median: 66 Years; Range 28 - 93 (n= 182*)
 BAUS 1999 median: 66 Years; Range 31 - 95 (n= 158*)

Percentage in each age group



* Age could be calculated when both date of birth and diagnosis date were recorded

E. Times between referral, consultation, diagnosis and treatment

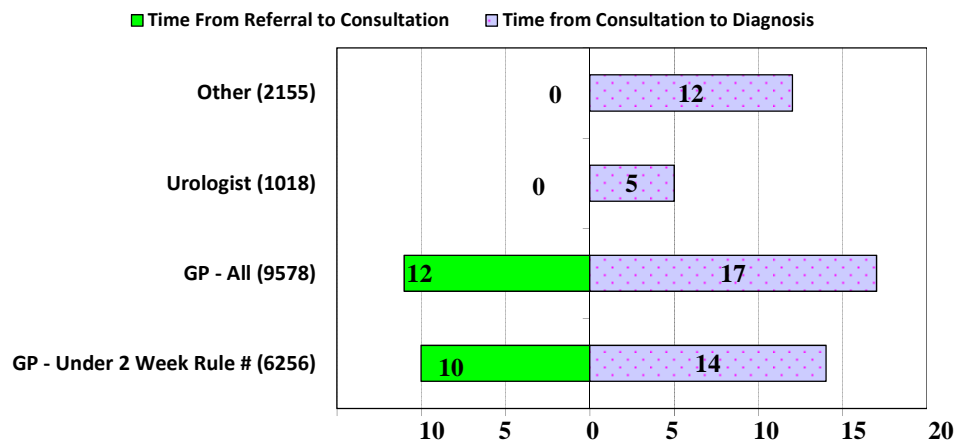
In this section we have included charts from the 2004 dataset to allow for comparisons.

The overall time from referral to diagnosis has fallen significantly from 2004 and is now the shortest since data collection started in 1999.

Date of definitive treatment was only recorded in 69% of returns and thus interpretation of the data should be cautious. In some cases, the date of definitive treatment was recorded as being before the date of diagnosis! Any negative times between diagnosis and definitive treatment date were treated as 0 i.e. definitive treatment date = date of diagnosis.

Chart 92

**Median Time to First Consultation and Diagnosis in Days by Referral Source in Days
Excluding tumours diagnosed before Referral* - 2010**



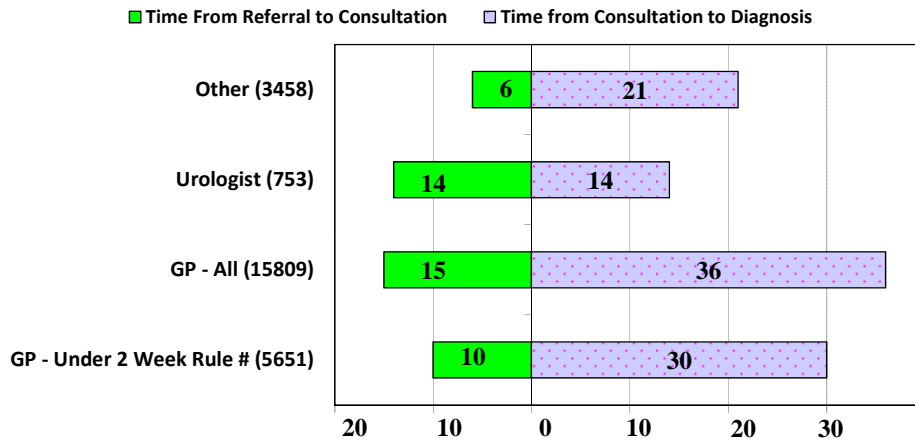
* Times were calculated when dates of referral, consultation and diagnosis were known and diagnosis date was not before referral date (N = 13,145/16,006 = 82% tumours)

Referral Source was recorded in 12,751/13,145 (97%) cases

Referral priority was recorded in 99.7% (9011/9037) GP referrals in England where 2 week rule operates

Chart 93

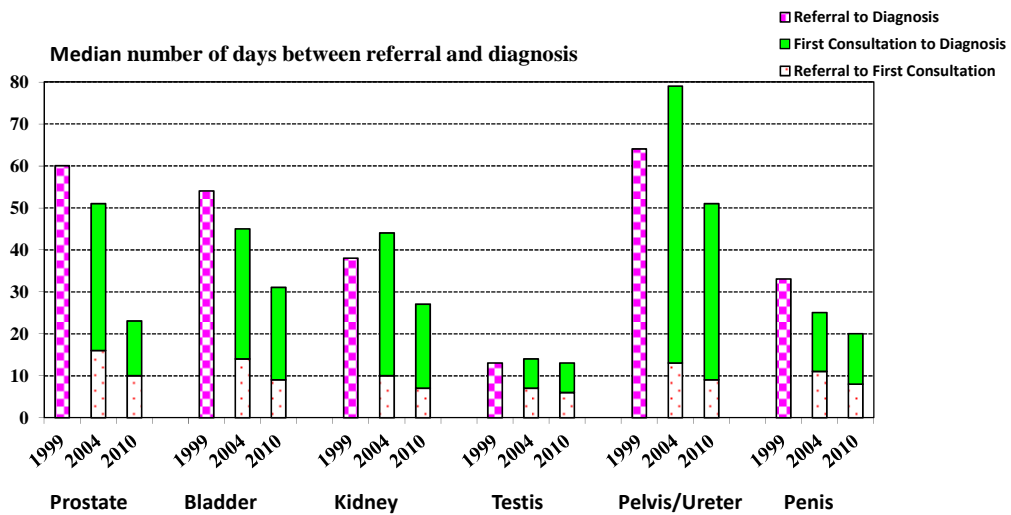
**Median Time to First Consultation and Diagnosis in Days by Referral Source in Days
Excluding tumours diagnosed before Referral* - 2004**



* Times were calculated when dates of referral, consultation and diagnosis were known and diagnosis date was not before referral date (N = 20,189/24,532 = 82% tumours)
 Referral Source was recorded in 20,020/20,189 (99%) cases
 # Referral priority was recorded in 96% (14601/15152) GP referrals in England where 2 week rule operates

Chart 94

**Median Time to First Consultation and Diagnosis in Days by Organ
Excluding tumours diagnosed before Referral***



* Times were calculated when dates of referral, consultation and diagnosis were known and diagnosis date was not before referral date . Date of first consultation not recorded in 1999

Chart 95

**Median Total Times to Diagnosis in Days - All Referrals
Excluding Patients Diagnosed before Referral**

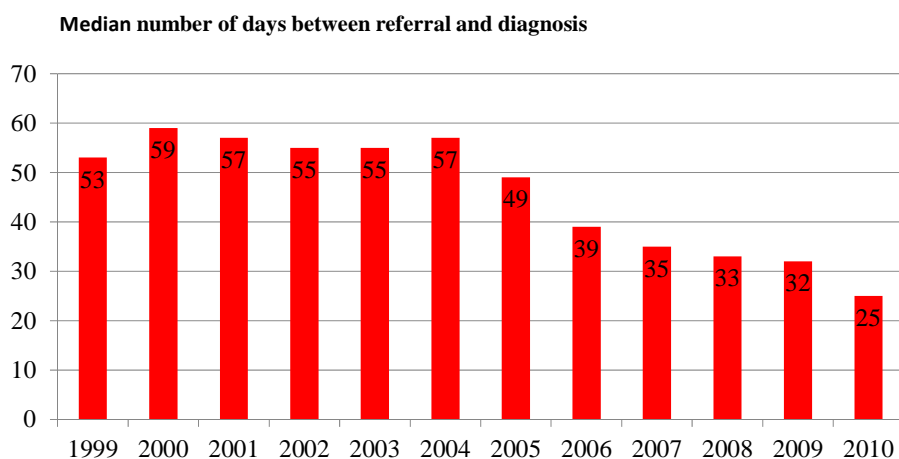


Chart 96

**Times to Definitive Treatment in Days by Organ – 2010 and 2004
Excluding tumours diagnosed or treated before referral**

Organ	Median Time between Referral and Definitive Treatment in days		Median Time between Diagnosis and Definitive Treatment in days	
	2004	2010	2004	2010
Prostate	112	54	31	26
Bladder	63	38	0	0
Kidney	65	54	0	12
Testis	16	15	0	0
Pelvis/Ureter	117	83	6	22
Penis	41	57	15	24

Definitive treatment date was recorded in 69% tumours (16923/24532) in 2004 and 79% in 2010 (18,442/22,756)

F. Histology and Staging

Histological confirmation was only available in 72% of all tumours. This has decreased steadily since 1999.

Participants were asked to return both clinical and, where appropriate, pathological* TNM categories using the 2002 version of the TNM classification for Urological tumours which were included in the data dictionary available to all participants.

In order to make interpretation of the resultant information easier each patient was staged, wherever possible, using the classifications as shown in the following charts. If the pathological TNM categories were given and appropriate then these were used for the staging, failing this clinical TNM categories were used.

The number of returns having either the full pathological TNM or clinical TNM categories is poor and a reflection of the proportion of data that was uploaded in bulk from in-house systems. (A substantial proportion of returns do not include any N and M categories or these were recorded as “X” – Cannot be assessed.) The data on the following staging charts should therefore be regarded with caution.

*The pathological assessment of the primary tumour (pT) entails a “resection of the primary tumour or biopsy adequate to evaluate the highest pT category”

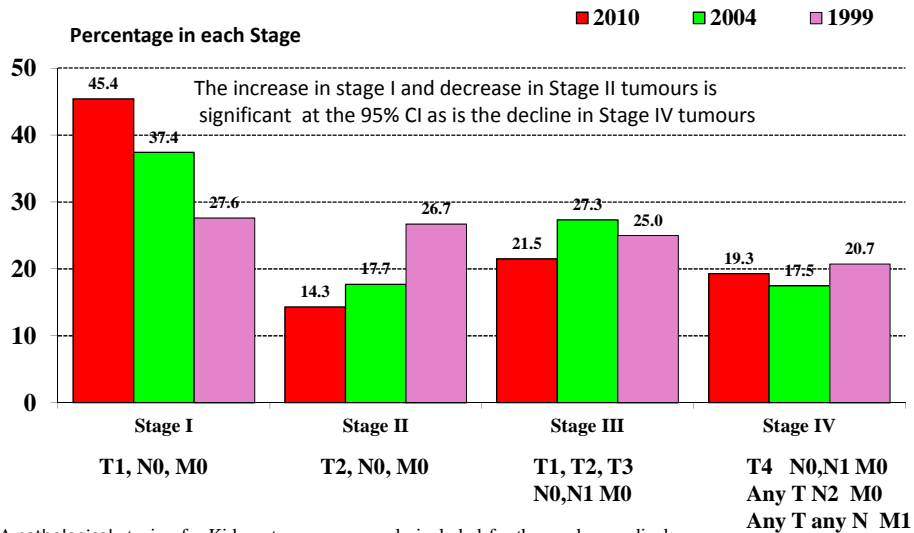
Chart 97

Known Histological Confirmation of Diagnosis by Organ

Organ	2010		2004		1999	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Prostate	6842	74.8	13881	95.3	8605	94.4
Bladder	3140	81.0	5689	96.5	6344	97.8
Kidney	797	51.0	1425	70.1	1436	88.0
Testis	344	77.5	685	93.6	815	99.4
Pelvis/Ureter	134	58.3	235	83.0	272	97.8
Penis	105	78.4	186	98.9	162	98.8
Urethra	15	78.9	28	100.0	-	
Prostatic Urethra	5	100.0	15	100.0	-	
Other or Not Recorded	18	6.4	80	30.4	185	94.9
Totals	11410	72.7	22224	92.6	17819	95.3

Chart 98

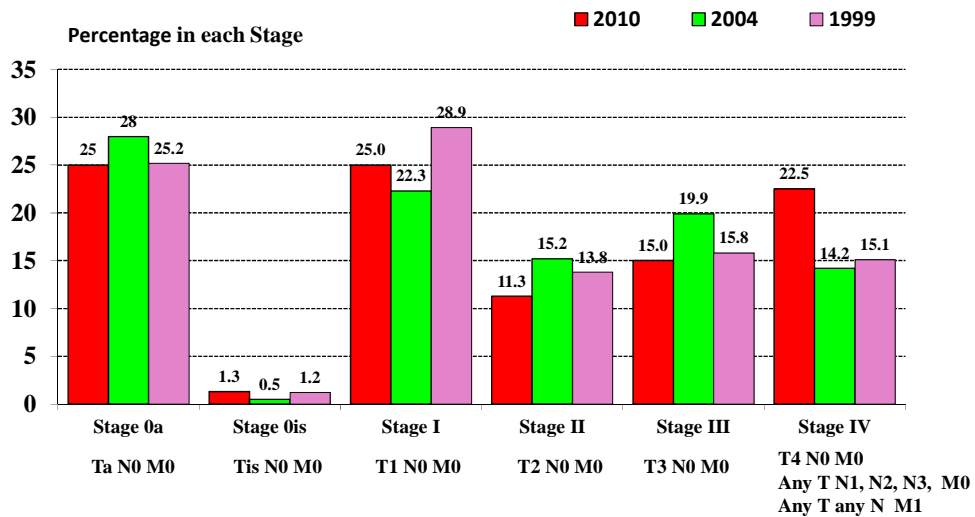
Staging of Kidney Tumours
 Staging could be estimated in 40% in 2010, 75.4% in 2004 and 92% in 1999



N.B. A pathological staging for Kidney tumours was only included for those where radical or organ conserving surgery was performed

Chart 99

Staging of Pelvis / Ureteric Tumours
 Staging could be estimated in 33.7% in 2010, 72.5% in 2004 and 87.5% in 1999



N.B. A pathological staging for Pelvis / Ureteric tumours was only included for those where radical or organ conserving surgery was performed

Chart 100

Staging of Bladder Tumours
 Staging could be estimated in 35.3% in 2010, 80.5% in 2004 and 94.2% in 1999

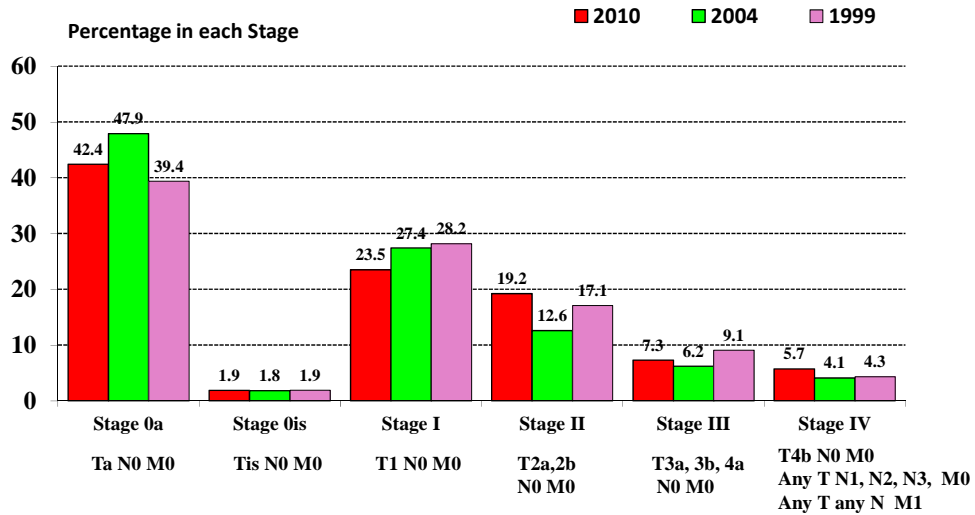
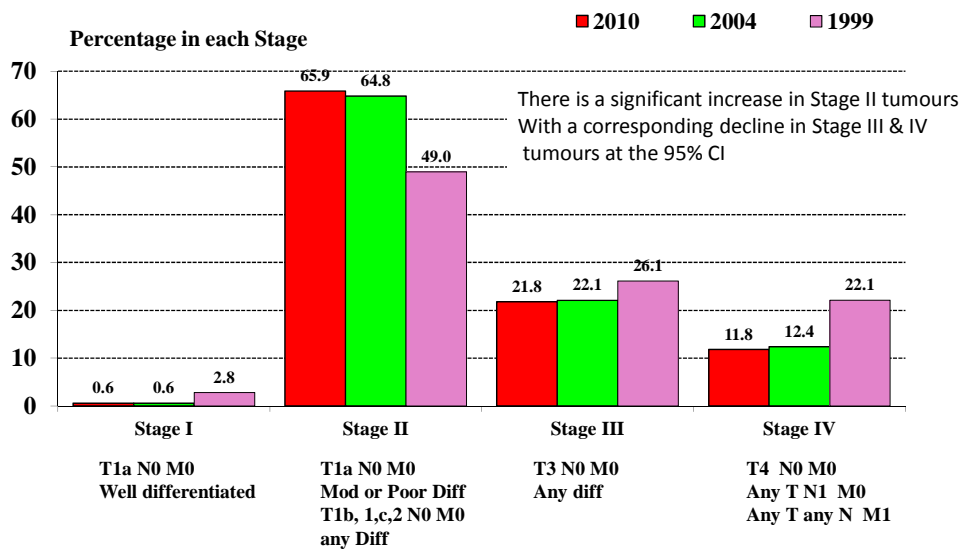


Chart 101

Staging of Prostate Tumours
 Staging could be estimated in 51.7% in 2010, 67.6% in 2004 and 81.5% in 1999



N.B. A pathological staging for Prostate tumours was only included for those where radical surgery was performed

Chart 102

Staging of Testicular Tumours
 Staging could be estimated in 25.8% in 2010, 69.2% in 2004 and 86.2% in 1999

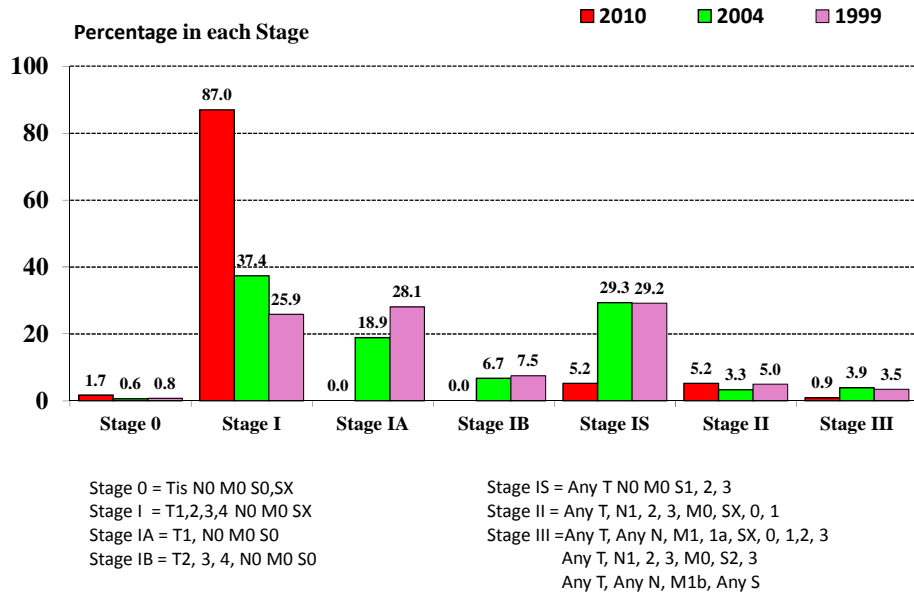
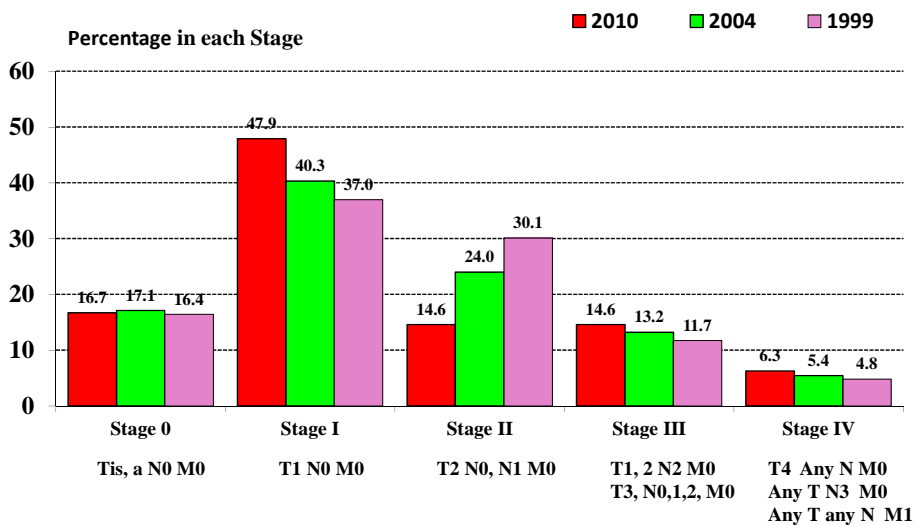


Chart 103

Staging of Penile Tumours
 Staging could be estimated in 35.5% in 2009, 65.8% in 2004 and 90.1% in 1999



G. Treatment Intention & Laparoscopic procedures

Chart 104

Initial Treatment Intention by Organ Percentage & Total of Known Intent - 2010

Organ (Number Known)	Curative		Palliative		No active anti-cancer treatment		% of Total Tumours Reported
	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Prostate (5368)	2230	41.5	1374	25.6	1764	32.9	57.9
Bladder (3259)	2812	86.3	178	5.5	269	8.3	82.1
Kidney (926)	623	67.3	169	18.3	134	14.5	57.4
Testis (235)	192	81.7	5	2.1	38	16.2	52.7
Pelvis/Ureter (123)	85	69.1	16	13.0	22	17.9	51.9
Penis (63)	54	85.7	6	9.5	3	4.8	46.7
Urethra (9)	8	88.9	1	11.1		0.0	47.4
Prostatic Urethra (5)	3	60.0		0.0	2	40.0	100.0

Chart 105

Initial Treatment Intention by Organ Percentage & Total of Known Intent - 2004

Organ (Number Known)	Curative		Palliative		No active anti-cancer treatment		% of Total Tumours Reported
	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Prostate (11615)	5131	44.2	4750	40.9	1734	14.9	78.2
Bladder (5132)	4574	89.1	450	8.8	108	2.1	84.5
Kidney (1765)	1273	72.1	332	18.8	160	9.1	83.9
Testis (620)	613	98.9	6	1.0	1	0.2	82.7
Pelvis/Ureter (234)	189	80.8	32	13.7	13	5.6	80.4
Penis (146)	132	90.4	9	6.2	5	3.4	74.5
Urethra (25)	15	60.0	7	28.0	3	12.0	86.2
Prostatic Urethra (11)	7	63.6	2	18.2	2	18.2	73.3

Chart 106

Initial Treatment Intention by Organ Percentage & Total of Known Intent - 1999

Organ (Number Known)	Curative		Palliative		Surveillance		% of Total Tumours Reported
	N	%	N	%	N	%	
Prostate (8291)	2465	29.7	4483	54.1	1343	16.2	69.1
Bladder (6105)	5096	83.5	820	13.4	189	3.1	73.4
Kidney (1579)	1191	75.4	307	19.5	81	5.1	70.6
Testis (789)	764	96.8	8	1.0	17	2.2	70.9
Pelvis/Ureter (268)	230	85.8	30	11.2	8	3.0	75.8
Penis (153)	136	88.9	15	9.8	2	1.3	64.7

Chart 107

Laparoscopic Procedures Performed as Percentage of Total Procedures reported*

Organ	2010			2004			2001		
	Open	Lap	Lap as % total	Open	Lap	Lap as % total	Open	Lap	Lap as % total
Prostate	662	221	25.0	2709	290	9.7	3838	45	1.2
Kidney	399	296	8.4	1345	169	11.2	1632	31	1.9
Pelvis / Ureter	64	35	4.8	187	34	15.4	295	6	2.0
Bladder	3164	7	0.2	5232	4	0.1	6854	7	0.1

* Laparoscopic procedures not recorded until 2001

Chart 108

**Laparoscopic Surgery by Organ and Stage
Total Numbers recorded**

Staging	Prostate			Bladder			Kidney			Pelvis/Ureter		
	2010	2004	2001	2010	2004	2001	2010	2004	2001	2010	2004	2001
Stage 0a	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	3	9	2
Stage I		-	-	1	2	-	56	107	22	4	6	3
Stage II	75	247	40	1	1	3	15	14	3	-	5	
Stage III	11	21	3	-	-	2	13	12	1	2	2	1
Stage IV	-	-	2	-	-	-	5	4	-	2	-	
Not Recorded	135	22	-	5	-	1	207	32	6	24	12	-
Totals	221	290	45	7	4	7	296	169	32	35	34	6

H. Clinical Trial Status and discussion at MDT meeting

Chart 109

Clinical Trial Status

Trial Status	2010		2004		2002*	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Patient eligible, consented to and entered trial	181	1.1	554	2.3	597	2.1
Patient eligible for trial but declined entry	107	0.7	148	0.6	144	0.5
Patient ineligible for trial	1010	6.3	1231	5.0	1088	3.8
Patient not considered for trial	2524	15.8	7839	32.0	8746	30.8
Clinical trial status unknown	3952	24.7	4452	18.1	4879	17.2
Not Recorded	8231	51.4	10308	42.0	12897	45.5

* First year recorded

Chart 110

Was the Patient discussed at an MDT meeting with formation of a management plan?

Response	2010		2003*	
	N	%	N	%
Yes	13475	84.2	14967	55.0
No	561	3.5	9414	34.6
Not Known or Not Recorded	1970	12.3	2844	10.4

* First year recorded

I. Completeness of Data

Chart 111

Completeness of Data -1 Percentage and numbers of Total Returns unknown

Data Item	2010 Number Unknown	% of Total Returns 16006	2004 Number Unknown	% of Total Returns 24532	1999 Number Unknown	% of Total Returns 22309
Centre no or Cons no	0	0	0	0	9	0.04
Hospital number	#4351	27.2	**760	3.1	***257	1.4
NHS number	#	-	2975	12.1	6946	36.5
Postcode	##	-	948	3.9	1319	6.9
Sex	26	0.2	113	0.5	118	0.6
Date of Birth	###421	2.6	244	1.0	217	1.1
Organ	281	1.7	181	0.7	83	0.4
Date of Diagnosis	117	0.7	84	0.3	604	3.2
Referral Source	1001	6.3	1592	6.5	1096	5.8
Priority of GP Referrals	40/10287	0.4	776/17123	4.5	-	-
Date of Referral	1036	6.5	2419	9.9	1820	9.6
Date of First Consultation	996	6.2	2101	8.6	-	-
Date of Definitive Treatment	3486	21.8	7707	31.4	-	-
Delay to Diagnosis	1552	9.7	2738	11.2	-	-
Histological confirmation	303	1.9	593	2.4	321	1.7
Basis of diagnosis if no Histology	2500/4363	57.3	175/1713	10.2	71/875	8.1

- NHS number main patient identifier -random one automatically created if missing; ## No longer extracted; ### Age at diagnosis; ** includes 160 pp + 220 from 1 centre with data extraction problems ; *** includes 198 pp

Chart 112

Completeness of Data -2 Percentage and numbers of Total Returns unknown

Data Item	2010 Number Unknown	% of Total Returns 16006	2004 Number Unknown	% of Total Returns 24532	1999 Number Unknown	% of Total Returns 19009
Histology	268/11497	2.3	787/22226	3.5	258/17813	1.4
Differentiation	4136/11497	36.0	5230/22226	23.5	2220/17813	12.4
Clinical T Category	8822	55.1	2669	10.9	3357	17.7
Clinical N Category	9715	60.7	4057	16.5	6555	34.5
Clinical M Category	9721	60.7	4453	18.2	6467	34.0
Pathological T Category	7190/11497	62.5	9158/22226	41.2	6223/17813	34.9
Pathological N Category	8080/11497	70.3	9920/22226	44.6	9061/17813	50.9
Pathological M Category	8073/11497	70.2	9930/22226	44.7	9055/17813	50.8
PSA at time of Diagnosis	392/9276	4.2	2276/14858	15.3	1071/9277	11.5
Gleason Scores	2634/9276	28.4	2102/14858	14.1	-	-
Testicular S Category	389/446	87.2	436/750	58.1	307/838	36.6
Treatment Intention	6053	43.8	4949	20.2	1646	8.7
Treatment Type	187/10110	1.8	703/17559	4.0	331/15714	2.1
Clinical Trial Status	8231	51.4	10705	43.6	-	-
Discussed at MDT	1970	12.3	1907	7.8	-	-
Pathological Ref. No.	5875	36.7	6322	25.8	-	-

Participating Hospital Centres 2010

We are grateful to Consultants from the following Centres / Trusts who provided data for the analyses of the 2010 data:

Aberdeen Royal Infirmary	Gartnavel General Hospital
Addenbrooke's Hospital	George Eliot Hospital
Alexandra Hospital	Glan Clwyd Hospital
Arrowe Park Hospital	Glasgow Royal Infirmary
Ayr Hospital	Gloucestershire Royal Hospital
Barnet & Chase Farm Hospital	Great Western Hospital, Swindon
Barnsley Hospital NHS Foundation Trust	Guy's & Thomas's Hospital
Bedford Hospital	Harrogate District Hospital
Blackpool Victoria Hospital	Hemel Hempstead General Hospital; Mount Vernon & Watford Hospitals
Bradford Royal Infirmary	Hereford Hospitals NHS Trust
Bristol Oncology Centre; United Bristol Health Care Trust	Huddersfield Royal Infirmary
Broomfield Hospital	James Paget Hospital
Buckinghamshire Hospitals NHS Trust	Kidderminster General Hospital
Causeway Hospital	King George Hospital
Chesterfield & North Derbyshire	King's Mill Hospital
Churchill Hospital	Leicester General Hospital
City Hospitals Sunderland NHS Foundation Trust	Leighton Hospital
Colchester Hospital University NHS Foundation Trust	Lincoln & Louth NHS Trust
Cwm-Taf LHB (Royal Glamorgan/Prince Charles)	Lister Hospital; Queen Elizabeth II Hospital, Welwyn
Darent Valley Hospital	Manchester Royal Infirmary
Derby Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust	Medway Maritime Hospital
Derriford Hospital	Milton Keynes General Hospital
Diana, Princess of Wales Hospital; Goole & District Hospital; Scunthorpe General Hospital	Morrison Hospital
Doncaster & Bassetlaw Hospitals NHS Trust	New Cross Hospital, Wolverhampton
Dorset County Hospital	Noble's Isle of Man Hospital
Dudley Group of Hospitals NHS Trust	Norfolk & Norwich Hospital
East Sussex Hospitals NHS Trust	North Bristol NHSTrust (Southmead)North Hampshire / Frimley Park
Epsom and St Helier University Hospitals	Northampton General Hospital
Freeman Hospital	

Nottingham City Hospital
 Pinderfields Hospital
 Portsmouth Hospitals NHS Trust
 Princess Alexandra Hospital, Harlow
 Queen Elizabeth Hospital, B'ham
 Raigmore Hospital
 Rotherham NHS Foundation Trust
 Royal Alexandra Hospital (Paisley)
 Royal Berkshire NHS Foundation Trust
 Royal Bolton Hospital NHS Foundation Trust
 Royal Bournemouth Hospital
 Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital
 Royal Hallamshire Hospital
 Royal Liverpool University Hospital
 Royal Preston Hospital
 Royal Shrewsbury Hospital
 Royal Surrey County Hospital; Frimley Park Hospital
 Royal Sussex County Hospital
 Royal United Hospital, Bath
 Royal West Sussex NHS Trust, St Richard's Hospital
 Salisbury District Hospital
 Sandwell District General Hospital
 Scarborough Hospital
 Southampton General Hospital
 Southend University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust
 Southern General Hospital
 Southport & Ormskirk NHS Trust
 St Bartholomew's Hospital
 St George's Hospital
 St James's University Hospital
 St Mary's Hospital, IOW
 St Mary's Hospital, London
 Stepping Hill Hospital
 Stirling Royal Infirmary
 Stobhill Hospital
 Stracathro Hospital; Perth Royal Infirmary; Ninewells Hospital
 Taunton And Somerset Hospital
 Torbay Hospital
 University College Hospital London
 University Hospital of North Stafford
 University Hospital Of Wales
 Walsgrave Hospital
 Warwick Hospital
 West Wales General Hospital
 Western General Hospital, Edinburgh
 Whipps Cross Hospital
 Whiston Hospital
 Withington Hospital
 Worcester Royal Infirmary
 Worthing Hospital
 Wrexham Maelor Hospital
 Wrightington, Wigan and Leigh NHS Foundation Trust
 York District Hospital